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Caroe Quits To Ensure Free Referendum

2 MONTHS' LEAVE GRANTED TO FRONTIER GOVERNOR

Ghaffar Khan-Jinnah Talks On Pakistan And Pathans

NEW DELHI, June 18. (A. P. I.): His Majesty the King has been pleased to approve the appointment of Lieutenant-General Sir Rob MacGregor MacDonald Lockhart, K.C.B., C.I.E., M C., to act as Governor of the North West Frontier Province, in place of His Excellency Sir Olaf Caroe, K. C. S. I., K. C. I. E., I. C. S., who has been granted leave of absence by the Secretary of State for India on the recommendation of His Excellency the Governor-General.

TWO MONTHS' LEAVE FOR GOVERNOR

The Frontier Governor Sir Olaf Caroe is proceeding on leave for 2 months (until the transfer of power) at his own request.

According to letters exchanged between Sir Olaf Caroe and the Viceroy released tonight Sir Olaf Caroe has referred to allegations made against him to the effect that he was not impartial. In view of the vital referendum to be held in the N.W.F.P. and "wider political considerations" he asked to be allowed to go on leave for two months.

The Viceroy, appreciating Sir Olaf's gesture, has replied that he will recommend to H.M.G. that Lt. General Sir Rob Lockhart should be Acting Governor.

TEXT OF CORRESPONDENCE

Caroe's Letter To Viceroy

Following is the full text of the correspondence:—

The following letters have been exchanged between His Excellency the Viceroy and His Excellency Sir Olaf Caroe, Governor of the North West Frontier Province:

Government House, Peshawar, North West Frontier Province: 13-6-47.

Dear Lord Mountbatten.—I have been considering my position in regard to the vital referendum which is shortly to be held in this province. As you know, allegations have been made to the effect that I am not impartial, and that I would favour one party at the expense of the other. I think you realise how unfounded these allegations are, but I believe there may be wider political considerations which would make it desirable that, just as the immediate conduct of the referendum is to be by entirely independent British military officers of the Indian Army, so the Governorship of the province during this time should be in new hands.

It is with the greatest regret that I make this suggestion, for I am devoted to the North-West Frontier Province and its people, and I believe that I could help them. But in the larger scale personal considerations count as nothing, and, if my presence here causes the slightest suspicion about the conduct of the referendum, I would like to take leave and let someone else hold this post until the transfer of power.

I, therefore, request that I may be allowed to go on leave for this period of about two months, and, if this is approved, I suggest that an Officiating Governor should be appointed as soon as possible.—Yours sincerely,—(Sd.) O. K. CAROE.

Viceroy's Reply

The Viceroys House, New Delhi 17th June 1947:—

Dear Caroe,—I have received your letter dated the 13th June. I should like to say first that I am convinced that there is no truth in the allegations which have been made against you. I know you have always worked wholeheartedly in the interests of the province as a whole, and you have done very fine work at a most difficult time.

The gesture you now make is characteristic one, and I appreciate your motives. I believe you are right that there is much to be said for your asking leave as you propose, so that a new man may hold the post of Governor during the referendum. Your offer will be widely recognised as prompted by your public spirit and your devotion to the people of the Frontier.

I will recommend to H.M.G. that Lt. General Sir Rob Lockhart should be Acting Governor.

My warmest thanks for all you have done. My wife and I very much hope we may see you and your wife if you come to Delhi.—Yours sincerely.—(Sd.) MOUNTBATTEN OF BURMA.

KARWAR, June 18, (A.P.I.): A metal case containing four live bombs, each weighing four ounces, was washed ashore off the Ankola sea coast yesterday. The police have taken possession of the bombs. It is recalled that one 29 pounder rocket was found in June last year at Belekeri, not far from Ankola.

GHAFFAR KHAN CALLS ON JINNAH

NEW DELHI, June 18. (A.P.I.): Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan called on the Muslim League President Mr. Jinnah at the latter's residence this evening. It is believed this meeting was arranged after this afternoon's conference between Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. Jinnah, the Frontier Leader and the Viceroy's two advisers, Lord Ismay and Sir Eric Mieville.

The Jinnah-Ghaffar Khan talks this evening lasted about an hour and a half.

Later Mr. Jinnah told waiting pressmen that they had a free and frank talk. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan was going back as there was a meeting of his party fixed on June 21 and naturally he would place everything before them and after discussions and consultations with his colleagues he would communicate to Mr. Jinnah later.

Mahatma, Jinnah And Ghaffar Khan Meet Together

NEW DELHI, June 18. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. Jinnah and Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan met in conference this afternoon to discuss the Frontier question in the context of the statement of June 3.

Lord Ismay deputised for the Viceroy who left for Kashmir this morning.

The meeting which began at 4-30 p.m. dispersed after half an hour.

It is learnt that possible alternatives to a referendum, to which Frontier Congress leaders are opposed, were discussed. The question of fresh elections and of an independent Pathan State are also believed to have come up.

Ghaffar Khan On Pathan State

NEW DELHI, June 18. (A.P.I.): "I have tried to serve the Pathans to the best of my ability and shall continue to do the same till the end of my life," said Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan addressing the Pathan students of Darul Ulum (religious institution of Muslim divines) at Deoband yesterday.

The Frontier Leader said, "I will strive to bring all the Pathans together and save them at this critical hour in their history. To create a free state for the Pathans and to save them from the bondage of slavery you shall have to work hard. When people are determined to achieve an end, no power can prevent it."

In an address presented to the Frontier Leader the students expressed their determination to have a free state of Pathans.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan had discussions with Maulana Hussain Ahmed Madani, Principal of the institution and well-known Nationalist Muslim leader.

MAHATMA AND JAWAHAR TO VISIT HARIDWAR

NEW DELHI, June 18. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru are visiting Haridwar on Saturday June 21. They will leave Delhi by car early in the morning and will return the same evening. The object of the visit is to meet the refugees there.

LEAGUE PARLIAMENTARY BOARD MEETING

NEW DELHI, June 18. (A.P.I.): A meeting of the Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim League was held to-day. Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan presiding.

Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman and Khwaja Nazimuddin attended the meeting. Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Premier of Bengal, was also present.

The Board considered the names of candidates from Eastern Bengal for election to the Pakistan Constituent Assembly.

LONDON, June 18, (Reuter): The Colonial Secretary Mr. Arthur Creech Jones in the House of Commons this afternoon denied that there were large stocks of surplus rice in Siam.

India's roving diplomat V. K. Krishna Menon who arrived in Bombay on Tuesday snapped at his work.

DOMINION STATUS FOR CEYLON?

Constitutional Changes To Follow Negotiations With New Govt.

COLOMBO, June 18 (APA).—An announcement that the British Government has decided to take immediate steps toward granting Dominion Status to Ceylon was made today here to a packed State Council and overflowing galleries, by the Ceylon Governor, Sir Henry Moore.

He said that when agreements on certain subjects had been concluded between the British Government and Ceylon "immediate steps will be taken to amend the Constitution so as to confer upon Ceylon a fully responsible status within the British Commonwealth of nations.

The Governor paid a tribute to "the vision and statesmanship" of the leader of the Council, D. S. Senanayake, and also to the entire Council for the material contribution to the Allied cause during the war.

STATEMENT IN COMMONS

In London, Colonial Secretary Arthur Creech Jones told the Commons that the change would be made after negotiations between the Ceylonese and the British Governments on a number of subjects which he declined to specify.

"Elections are now being arranged under a constitution granted in 1946 and a new parliament will assemble in October," he said.

"Clearly no further constitutional change can take place before a new Ceylon Government is in office and fully functioning", he added.

Other Dominion Governments will be consulted before Britain is divested of authority in Ceylon "in view of the importance of Ceylon from the point of view of strategy", the Minister said.

INDIAN CULTURE CENTRE FOR LONDON

Kher On Krishna Menon's Mission To Bombay

BOMBAY, June 18 (API).—An appeal for building in London a centre of Indian life and culture was made by Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's personal envoy, at an informal tea party given in Mr. Menon's honour by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, at the Secretariat this afternoon.

Among those present were Mr. Morarji Desai, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Mr. M. P. Patil, Mr. Mangaldas M. Pakvasa, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, Sir Shantidas Askuran, Mr. Ramdeo Poddar, Mr. Neville Wadia, Mr. Dharamsey Khatau, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. Rameshwar Birla, Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, Mr. Ratilal Gandhi and Mr. Deoji Tarsani.

Introducing Mr. Menon to the gathering, Mr. Kher said that Mr. Menon's visit to Bombay this time was mainly for the purpose of contacting leading businessmen and industrialists of the city with a view to enlisting their practical aid n furtherance of the project of constructing an Indian culture centre in London.

Mahatma Prays For Success Of Frontier Peace Talks

NEW DELHI, June 18 (API): Mahatma Gandhi invited his prayer audience today to pray for the success of the Jinnah-Badsha Khan talks this evening. Mahatma Gandhi said that the Frontier leader's and his efforts were solely meant to bring peace in the Province and to prevent a Pathan fighting with his brother Pathan. The partition of Ind had inflicted a wound but they would not like that wound to become deeper. Any fight among the Pathans themselves who were a martial people would be most regrettable and they were endeavouring to find means to avoid the referendum and its consequences.

Following is the authorised version of Mahatma Gandhi's post-prayer speech:

After prayer, Mahatma Gandhi said the audience would want to know what he did with Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah yesterday and again today (Wednesday) at Viceroy's House, this time even Badshah Khan accompanying him. The curiosity as natural. It was proof of their intense longing that, Pakistan or no Pakistan, the two should live in India as brothers, never as enemies as they seemed to have become. He fully reciprocated the hope. That was the reason why he never missed an occasion to see any Muslim Leaguer, much less its President. He was sorry, however, that he could give them no further information beyond saying that Badshah Khan and he were to have gone yesterday at 7-45 p.m. to the Viceregal House. Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah was also to be present. Unfortunately Badshah Khan, who had gone to Devabund, could not return in time, his motor having taken much longer than expected to traverse the distance. So the meeting took place today at Viceroy's House at 4-30 p.m. in the presence of Lord Ismay and Sir Eric Mieville in the absence of His Excellency. The upshot was that Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah and Badshah Khan would meet at 7-30 p.m. at the former's residen He invited the audience to pra with him that the meeting would bear fruit. He was sure that they would all be glad if the meeting were to result in the stoppage of carnage in the afflicted Frontier Province and Pathans being divided from Pathans. He knew that the Congress wanted all the Provinces of India to be autonomous and harmonious, all together, joining the Union of India or the Federation of seceding Provinces, called by the Muslim League Pakistan.

BE WORTHY OF FAITH

Khwaja Saheb Abdul Majid was with him again today and hoped that the Nationalist Muslims would not be neglected. Like him, the speaker who, claim to be a good Hindu claimed also to be a good Muslim, Parsi, etc. Khwaja Saheb claiming to be a good Muslim, too claimed that he was good Hindu, Parsi, etc. This meant that for God-fearing men all religions were good and equal, only the followers of the respective religions quarrelled one against the other and thereby denied their respective religions. He repeated the hope that those in the Union of India would be worthy of their faiths and would be proud to call themselves sons and daughters of the same soil, claiming perfect equality in the eye of the law. Religion was no test of nationality but a personal matter between man and his God. In the sense of nationality they were Indians first and Indians last no matter what religion they professed.

Mahatma Gandhi appealed once more to the two persons, husband and wife who were continuing their fast against Pakistan, to give it up. He referred to what he scholar Tilak Maharaj had said in regard to the people's consciences The fasters had written to say that they were only following what their conscience told them. Lokmanya had said that some people's consciences were asleep. These two were young and inexperienced. He appealed to them to listen to the advice of one grown old in the knowledge of the technique of fasting. He suggested that their conscience was asleep and they would be wise if they desisted from the fast. It was no use learning scriptures by heart, parrot-like. Man could only live according to them if he had digested what he had read. Only then would his conscience be really awakened.

VICEROY IN KASHMIR

Maharaja And Maharani To Be Honoured

SRINAGAR, June 18 (API): Lord and Lady Mountbatten accompanied by their daughter Miss Pamela Mountbatten, Sir G. E. B. Abell, Private Secretary to the Viceroy and staff arrived in Srinagar by air from New Delhi at 11 this morning. They were received by the Maharaja of Kashmir, Rai Bahadur Pandit Ramchandra Kak, Prime Minister, Col. W. F. Webb, Resident and other high officials.

The Viceregal party drove to Gulab Mahal where they are staying as His Highness' guests.

A few minutes after their arrival the Viceroy, Lady Mountbatten and party left for Moghal Gardens, Nishat and Shalimar, where they are lunching and having tea this afternoon.

Tomorrow Their Excellencies will go to Thricker about fifty miles from Srinagar on a fishing trip. They will spend Friday at Drapahama, His Highness' private game reserve near Srinagar.

On Saturday they will view Kashmir arts and crafts at a special exhibition and on Saturday afternoon there will be a garden party in honour of Their Excellencies when the Viceroy will invest Maharaja and the Maharani of Kashmir with G.C.V.O. and C.I. respectively.

Sunday will be spent at Nambal, about sixty miles from Srinagar and Monday morning after breakfast Their Excellencies will return to Delhi by air.

ZONAL MINISTRIES FOR PUNJAB

Governor's Suggestion To Party Leaders

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, June 18.

I understand most reliably that the Punjab Governor Sir Evan Jenkins has made a suggestion to the three party leaders, Lala Bhimsen Sachar, the Khan of Mamdot and Sardar Sawaransingh to form two zonal Ministries in the province in order to restore confidence in the public and to put an end to the present communal frenzy on the basis of national division but leaving the disputed area of Lahore Division under Section 93.

The suggestion is under discussion by party leaders who will again meet on Thursday after consulting their colleagues available in Lahore and their respective high commands. The final reply may be given to the Governor tomorrow evening.

Punjab Leaders To Meet Governor To-day

LAHORE, June 18, (A.P.I.): The three party leaders—Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, Leader of the Muslim League Party, Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, Leader of the Congress Party and Sardar Swaransingh, Leader of the Panthic Party—have been invited by Sir Evan Jenkins, Governor of the Punjab, to meet His Excellency jointly at 9-30 a.m. tomorrow.

It is understood that further preliminaries in connection with the partition of the Punjab will be discussed at this meeting.

STOP PRESS

BURMA CONSEMBLY ADJOURNED

RANGOON, June 18. (Reuter): The Burmese Constituent Assembly today adjourned after adopting rules of procedure and electing various subcommittees to work on the draft constitution. The Assembly is resuming its session on July 7.

STUDENTS' HUNGER-STRIKE CALLED OFF.

DACCA, June 18. (A.P.I.): The 25 candidates for the Intermediate Science examination of the Dacca Board of Intermediary and Secondary Education who started a hunger strike yesterday broke their fast this evening following a settlement of the grievances of the examinees at the intervention of local leaders.

BRITISH AMBASSADOR CALLS ON MOLOTOV.

LONDON, June 18. (A.P.A.): The British Foreign Office announced today that Sir Maurice Peterson, British Ambassador to Moscow, called on the Soviet Foreign Minister, V. M. Molotov, last night, to discuss the Marshall Aid to Europe offer.

The Foreign Office statement contained no hint of the official Soviet attitude towards the Marshall proposal.

BUS DASHES AGAINST TREE

RANCHI, June 18 (API).—Two passengers were killed and about twenty others injured today near Ramgarh in the District of Hazaribagh when a passenger bus hit a...st a tree and overturned while proceeding from Ranchi to Patna.

The injured persons have been brought to the Ranchi hospital and the condition of four of them is reported to be serious.

PARIS BANK STRIKE

PARIS, June 18 (Reuter).—Paris bank employees will stage a one day strike tomorrow for higher wages.

State Where Dewan Is The Constitution!

STATE CONGRESS CHALLENGE TO SIR C. P.

Lurid Light On Situation In Travancore

NEW DELHI, JUNE 18 (API): MR. PATTOM THANU PILLAI, PRESIDENT OF THE TRAVANCORE STATE CONGRESS, TODAY ENVISAGED A "MIGHTY CONFLICT" IN THE FORM OF A MASS CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE MOVEMENT BETWEEN THE TRAVANCORE GOVERNMENT AND THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE IF THE DEMAND FOR RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT UNDER THE AEGIS OF THE RULER AND ENTRY INTO THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY AND THE INDIAN UNION WAS NOT CONCEDED.

MR. PILLAI DEMANDED THE IMMEDIATE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INTERIM GOVERNMENT IN TRAVANCORE ON THE BRITISH INDIAN OR COCHIN PATTERN.

"DEWAN WITHOUT A STAKE"

As regards the nature of the conflict, Mr. Pillai, who was addressing a press conference, said: 'We have all along been following the methods of Mahatma Gandhi and whatever we do, we will strive to keep strictly to our non-violent methods. We know that Government repression will be very great and the sufferings of the people incalculable, but we hope that whoever is responsible for them will be made answerable one day for his actions".

On every important issue, said Mr. Pillai, the Dewan, who had "no stake in the State", was opposed to the will of the six and a half million people of Travancore. "He has already begun banning our meetings on a large scale and we cannot leave these issues to his decision any longer. They have to be settled one way or the other.'

REFERENDUM CHALLENGE.

The State Congress, he said, was prepared to face a referendum on the issue of Independence of Travancore. He estimated the strength of the Travancore State armed forces at 4,000 and the police at between 3,000 and 4,000. The State Congress had a membership of about 80,000.

Mr. Pillai and Mr. T. M. Verghese, Vice-President of the State Congress, who was also present at the press conference, will return to Travancore in a day or two and call a meeting of the Working Committee to consider the issues involved and the future course of action.

Criticising the press statements made by the Travancore Dewan recently, Mr. Pillai said: "Whatever assertions he may make, you may take it that the Dewan is the only individual in the State who is against our entering the Constituent Assembly and the Indian Union. In the interests of Travancoreans we want to be part of the great Indian Union. To start with it will make a lot of difference between Travancore citizenship and Indian citizenship. You see what advantages the people of Travancore can enjoy by being citizens of the Indian Union."

NO CONSTITUTION IN STATE.

Referring to the Travancore Dewan's statement that the people of Travancore would be able to give their verdict on independence when the new Constitution based on adult franchise was introduced, Mr. Pillai said that there was now no Constitution in existence "except the Dewan" as the previous Constitution had been repealed. The proposed new Constitution had been rejected by the State Congress, as real power was not sought to be transferred to the people. As regards the question of adult franchise, all that had been done so far was to appoint a Franchise Committee which had not yet begun to function. Rules regarding reservations for certain communities, system of voting and other connected matters had to be made and the rolls had to be prepared. It would probably take years to prepare the electoral rolls. Obviously the issue could not wait till all this process was completed.

NO CIVIL LIBERTIES.

Mr. Pillai said that the people of Tranvancore were all in favour of a United Kerala on a linguistic basis. But the question of United Kerala could not be decided until Travancore joined the Indian Union and the people of Travancore had a democratic form of Government in the State.

He criticised the present internal administration of Travancore and commented on the absence of civil liberties. "If you publish anything that displeases Government", said Mr. Pillai, "the paper will be straightaway suppressed".

Pakistan And Indian Union To Be Invited To Sterling Talk

LONDON, June 18, (U.P.A.): Representatives of Pakistan and the Indian Union would be invited to London for sterling balance talks, it was learned today from reliable sources.

The sources further estimated that India desired to spend £500,000,000 in the United Kingdom immediately.

One-Man Expedition To Mt. Everest

BOMBAY, June 18, (A.P.I.): Mr. Earl L. Denman, bearded 32 year-old mountaineering enthusiast from Bulawayo, Southern Rhodesia, declared here that he recently made a single-handed, unannounced attempt to climb Mount Everest which he was forced to abandon only after reaching a point about 6,000 feet from the summit.

RECOGNITION TO PAKISTAN

America And France May Exchange Diplomats

NEW DELHI, June 18. (U.P.I.): The possibility of America and France recognising the Pakistan State and exchange of diplomats after it is established, is envisaged in informed circles in New Delhi. Besides, it is understood, a number of Muslim States also have expressed willingness to exchange diplomatic representatives with the Pakistan State.

The British High Commissioner in India is reported to have suggested to the Home Government to recognise the Pakistan State and appoint a High Commissioner in Pakistan. The British Government's announcement in this connection is expected soon. The headquarters of the Second High Commissioner is likely to be at Karachi. The question of appointing another Trade Commissioner at Lahore is being considered in British official circles.

It is understood that when the French Ambassador met Mr. Jinnah recently, the League President raised the question of France recognising the Pakistan State and opening of an embassy there. The French Ambassador is reported to have appreciated Mr. Jinnah's desire and convened the gist of his talks with Mr. Jinnah to Paris.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

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International Economic Development

NEEDS OF UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES SHOULD RECEIVE PRIORITY OF CONSIDERATION, Says Mr. G. L. MEHTA

Mr. G. L. Mehta addressing the Plenary Session of the XIth Congress of the International Chamber of Commerce at Montreux, on the 5th June, 1947, on 'PROBLEMS OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT', with special reference to the needs of under-developed countries said:

In a world, large parts of which have been devastated and whose economic life and relations have been thrown out of gear by two terrific wars in one generation, efforts are being made to set up international organisations and devise plans and schemes to achieve world-wide co-operation and to eliminate or mitigate economic maladjustments and obstacles. It is now generally recognised that the primary aim of such international economic organisations and plans is the fuller utilisation of natural resources and maximum employment of man-power with a view to expand production and raise the standards of living of the people throughout the world and especially in the economically under-developed countries. This fact has been broadly recognised in the Draft Charter which is now the subject of detailed consideration by the Preparatory Committee of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment. It is hardly necessary to stress that such economic development is not merely a matter of domestic concern but also a pre-requisite of the expansion of international trade and attainment of economic stability. But some of the implications of this principle need to be clarified—and I propose to do so mainly from the viewpoint of an under-developed country like mine.

Who Should Receive Priority

There is no doubt that even a meagre increase in the woefully low standards of living of vast areas steeped in poverty will have far greater effect on the expansion of production and trade than further increase in the already high standards of the developed and richer countries. The material improvement of the poorer nations should, therefore, be high on the priority list of a world organisation. In such an economic transition, the more developed and powerful nations will have to adjust their economies and even undergo some sacrifice for the common good. International economic co-operation cannot now be promoted merely on the traditional lines of removal of tariff barriers irrespective of the geographical distribution as well as the content and value of international trade. We have to remove underemployment in backward areas and raise the level of primary producers. For we have to realise in concrete terms that poverty anywhere is a danger to prosperity everywhere.

If "the world can now produce enough raw materials and manufactured goods to supply the peoples of all countries with the necessities and comforts of life", (General Resolution adopted at the Xth Biennial Conference of the International Chamber of Commerce, Copenhagen, July 1939), then the responsibility of Governments, industry, agriculture, labour and the community as a whole to devise policies which will utilise such productive capacity to raise the general standard of living is all the greater. As a result of the war the productivity of many countries has been considerably enhanced and there have been marked changes and shifts in the balance of production and foreign assets. The acceleration of industrialisation in what were hitherto primary producing countries has made less developed countries machine-minded and "capital hungry." These demands should be met in a co-operative spirit by those who have the goods of the world. In such problems of international economic relationship as currency and exchange, capital movements and investment, migration of population, distribution of raw materials, industrialisation and transport, the economically backward countries demand their say. They require different degrees and kinds of protection in view of their meagre development and urgent needs; they require various forms of assistance from those with longer experience, better skill and larger resources. They, on their part, are prepared to make their own contribution to the achievement of world-wide economic development. International trade, after all, is not an end in itself but a means to an end. Stable international relationship can and must depend upon domestic stability. Credit and fiscal measures have to be used as instruments of a national program to expand production and secure employment.

Slogan of "Equality of Treatment"

This, then, is the formidable task that confronts us today—the task to harmonise national economic development with the demands of international economic co-operation. Any international economic order can only be built upon the basis of divergent national economic systems. Those who participate in the framing of an international Trade Charter and in negotiations for reductions in tariff barriers have had to recognise that it is not possible to formulate economic policies or enunciate economic principles without taking into consideration the divergent economic conditions and needs of different countries To ignore the varying levels of economic development in any international economic plan is to create not uniformity but inequitable conditions resulting in disequlbrium, friction and conflict. Equality of treatment is possible only under equality of conditions. The disparity in the level and pace of economic development of different countries must therefore, be recognised in any scheme of international economic co-operation.

The war has made far-reaching changes not only in the economic structure but also in the aims of economic policies and in the means by which these objectives are to be achieved. There is a new sense of social responsibility which must be accepted as an element of economic policies and measures in the future. New techniques such as the growth of plastics, new alloys and synthetic and substitute products have robbed the theory of international division of labour of much of its classical simplicity. The industrially powerful countries of the world will have to learn to adapt themselves to the changed currents of international trade in so far as world industry is redistributing itself in accordance with the shifts in productive technique on the one hand and the growing social obligations of the State on the other. The pace of international economic development will be set by the least prosperous countries. The strength of the chain is in the weakest link.

Needs of Under-developed Countries

Under-developed countries seek to achieve a balanced economy. They desire to diversify their economics and reduce the pressure of population on land by developing alternative sources of employment and economic pursuits. Improvement and rationalisation of agriculture itself is conditioned by industrial advance. Industrialisation would enhance the purchasing power of the rural population as agricultural development would provide markets for industrial goods. These countries seek to build up certain essential industries not merely for national defence but also for sheer self-preservation in times of emergency. India's vast population would have been helpless if, in the inter-war years, at least some primary and secondary industries like steel, engineering and sugar, had not been developed. As it was, the absence of heavy engineering and basic chemical industries restricted India's industrial development during the war and limited her contribution to the common war effort. Indeed, her lack of merchant shipping tonnage not only failed to provide a second line of defence but prevented the importation of essential foodstuffs for her hungry people. In essential industries and services, therefore, national self-sufficiency is not only a right but a duty.

For these constructive purposes, the undeveloped and under-developed countries need capital, capital goods like plant, equipment and machinery, technology and technical "know-how". The needs of the developed countries, on the other hand, demand full utilisation of their expanding industrial capacity. It is one of the main problems of economic statesmanship to reconcile these mutual needs in a programme of long-range development. The expansion and diversification of demand as a result of industrialisation will, however, tend to create new markets or markets for new products. That is the lesson of industrial development; the volume of international trade would increase although its character and direction may change. Experience of the last seventy years has shown that the industrial growth of a country has been closely linked up with the growth of its foreign trade. To take only one example, the net import of manufactures into the British Dominions in 1926/29 was about 50 per cent larger than into China and India, which have thirty times their population but are not so industrially developed, while their net import of manufactures per capita was forty or fifty times greater than that of China and India. A country in the process of industrialisation would import machinery and other capital equipment as well as industrial raw materials, while an increase in the standard of living will lead to diversification in the demand and import of consumer goods. Industrialisation, moreover, will lead to the growth of transportation and power as well as processing of locally-produced primary products and the establishment and growth of industries such as house-building, road-making, etc., which do not, as a rule, enter international trade. All this would lead to simultaneous development of domestic industry, trade and services which would tend to augment international trade.

World Hungry for Goods

To-day, the world is hungry for goods, not struggling for markets. It is not tariff barriers but the lag in production and the want of purchasing power that are preventing the flow of commerce. The fact that the Conference meeting at Geneva is described as one on Trade as well as Employment brings out an aspect which is frequently ignored, namely that trade depends on the purchasing power of the countries even more than on tariffs. Access to capital goods or raw materials is, in the last resort, access to the buying markets and is based on the cash and credit of the purchaser.

If we want to see the wheels of industry move smoothly and fast, an effective way to do so is to increase the purchasing power of the vast masses of Asia and Africa who suffer from chronic, if somewhat disguised, unemployment and under-employment. Those who insist on the principle of "equal access to the raw materials of the world" must remember the need of preservation of scarce and strategic raw materials as well as the priority of domestic production for which such natural resources have to be utilised. Moreover, industrial raw materials and products such as soda ash and sulphur for chemical industries or non-ferrous metals are unavailable not only when they are in short supply but also because they are controlled and rationed by powerful international controls and combines of the highly developed countries.

Equal Access to Industrial Raw Products

Under-developed countries are, therefore, entitled to urge that the principle of "equal access to raw materials" should be applicable to such products and not merely to agricultural raw materials or minerals. Lastly, the principle of equitable distribution of productive facilities demands that the capital goods of the world should also be made available to the less developed countries, which should not be made to wait indefinitely in a queue for their essential needs of economic development.

In the sphere of technology, the misuse of patents and licences for purposes which have no relation to the invention for which Government gives protection and the monopolistic control of vital knowledge and secret processes place under-developed countries at a serious disadvantage. Here is a field for fruitful co-operation between industry and science, between enterprise and technique of the advanced and under-developed countries. The shortage of technicians and skilled labour is almost worldwide today and if we are to step up production the problem of training and apprenticeship of technical personnel in industrially backward countries and of loaning technically competent persons from developed countries on reasonable terms, needs earnest consideration.

Foreign Investments

Foreign investment raises the whole problem of external economic relations on which I do not propose to dwell at length here. The difficulty hereto has been that foreign capital and enterprise which have gone into backward areas have created political ramifications involving questions of control and extra-territorial rights and stringent regulations even against indigenous industries. Often enough, they have sought to develop not the industries and services most needed by the inhabitants of such countries, but those which suited the interests of the investing countries. Such penetration of foreign capital has been rather in line with economic imperialism than development in the interests of backward peoples whose own attempts to establish industries have been frequently hampered and even stifled for fear of their competition with the industries of the advanced countries. If powerful countries like Britain and France feel the importance of maintaining their sovereignty and economic freedom while negotiating foreign loans, are not the under-developed areas with their meagre resources and their general backwardness entitled to demand adequate safeguards for preserving their political and economic independence?

At every international economic conference we find that political considerations cut right across economic problems, whether the issue is tariffs or investment, foreign exchange or food, merchant shipping or civil aviation; all these issues tend to become matters of high policy where power politics come into play. The needs of the under-developed countries, therefore, demand not only political emancipation but also complete readjustment of economic relationship between countries. The policy of "Beggar-my-Neighbour" is not only morally wrong but economically unsound. A division of the world into economic hemispheres resulting in the perpetual exploitation of the resources of the backward countries by the more powerful ones cannot be regarded as economic internationalism in any true sense of the term. The world cannot continue, in Abraham Lincoln's memorable phrase, to be half slave and half free. And freedom in the modern world means economic freedom no less than political.

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The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Well-Deserved Tributes For Abu Jasdenwalla

By J. C. MAITRA

The members of the Cricket Club of India paid well-deserved tributes to Abu Jasdenwalla in appreciation of his meritorious services to the Club as its Honorary Secretary for a period of seven and a half years. They subscribed as much as Rs. 21,000 to the Appreciation Fund most of which I understand will be utilised for the establishment of a library in the Club. Besides being presented with an address in a silver casket, Abu had the high honour of his portrait being unveiled by no less a personage than the Governor of Bombay, Sir John Colville.

A TREMENDOUS JOB

When Abu took up the Secretaryship, the Club was in a precarious state, although the late Sir Nowroji Saklatwalla, the then President, had managed to tide over its financial difficulties to a certain extent. He had a tremendous job to pilot the leaking boat,—heavily laden with debts—through stormy seas to a safe haven. It stands to the everlasting credit of Abu that he gloriously succeeded in the attainment of his object where any other man with a lesser fund of courage and patience would have hopelessly failed. And with him the Club would have crashed too. Now the financial stability which the Club enjoys is in a large measure due to the hard work put in by Abu.

ENDURING LEGACY

Abu has left a legacy to his successors which will long endure. It is unquestionably the biggest sporting institution in the country. Its reputation as a Club has spread far and wide. It is upto those who are following him to utilise the Club and the Stadium for truly sporting purposes.

I had occasions in the past to taunt Abu for encouraging communalism in a cosmopolitan and national institution. He always assured me that as soon as the C.C.I. got over its financial hurdle, he would see to it that the communal Pentangular was buried seven fathoms deep and communal sport banned within its precincts.

USE OF THE STADIUM

I have every hope the Pentangular would die a natural death soon. But the C.C.I. is still far away from fulfilling its object. In recent years the Club has flourished more because of its bridge-tables and its bar than as a centre of cricket—or sport. I hope the prohibition and other laws restricting gambling would remove these evils from our midst ere long.

But that alone would not be enough. The Stadium should be used to the fullest extent for all the year round. Not only cricket but other games should be promoted and fostered as much as possible. Then only we would be proud of the C.C.I. as a sporting body.

Thomas Suspended

Trades inside-left Thomas has been suspended by the W.I.F.A. to the end of the month and given a severe warning for alleged misconduct.

It might be recalled that referee Jayaraman spoke to Thomas when the Trades played the Rangers on June 5.

Cargill of the B.B.D. Sports Club has been suspended for life and reported to the Services Control Board for tackling the referee after his game. He is reported to have failed to give a satisfactory explanation to the W.I.F.A. enquiry committee.

Another player who has been suspended for the rest of the season for misconduct despite repeated warnings is Francis D'Souza of Labour Welfare Centre.

TRADES WITHDRAW FROM CALLAN CUP

Bombay's leading soccer side the Trades India Sports Club have withdrawn from the Callan Cup and have conceded a walk over to Jai Hind whom they were scheduled to play in the first round.

Turner Memorial Cup

Hill XI prevailed over Rising Youth by two goals to one in their match in the Turner Memorial Cup for the Junior Tournament. Rodrigues scored both the goals for the winners and Stephen scored for the losers.

Thursday's match at 4-30 p.m. United Youth vs. Maygyion.

INDIAN CRICKET TEAM TO AUSTRALIA

CALCUTTA, June 18 (API): Members of the Indian Cricket Team to Australia have been asked to assemble at Poona on August 17. The training camp for the team will be opened on August 18 at Government House Ground, Ganeshkhind, Poona. Mr. A. S. DeMello, President of the Board, will formally open the camp which will be in the charge of Vijay Merchant, Captain of the team.

The next annual central meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India will be held on August 10 in Calcutta, it is learnt.

WIMBLEDON CHAMPIONSHIP

LONDON, June 18 (APA): Sumant C. Misra, India's number one today drew H. F. David of Britain as his first opponent in the men's singles championship of the two weeks Wimbledon tournament beginning next Monday.

Jimmy Mehta (India) meets J. Sanglier while Dilip Bose and Mnn Mohan are scheduled to meet qualifiers.

Ghaus Mohammed drew G. L. Tuckett (Britain). Iftikhar Ahmed meets H. A. Coldham (Britain).

Jack Kramer, California tennis star, ceeded number one and favoured to win the singles title has an unknown British player—Wills—as his first opponent.

Shahibag Annexes Maharaja's Gold Cup

TWO COLLECT BIG DIVIDENDS ON TREBLE POOL

(From Our Racing Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, June 18.

The Maharaja's Gold Cup day attracted large crowds at the Bangalore races. Picking the winner was again difficult as Shahibag was the solitary favourite to materialise during the afternoon. With Brother Scribe declining the small field of five lined up for the Maharaja's Gold Cup. Fleet Wings went into the lead and showed the way to Love Lyric Press On, Wanderer and Shahibag. The last named trailed the field till the two, but over the last furlong the favourite came with a tremendous burst to win by half a length from Press On. Besides winning the Gold Cup another win was scored for Mrs. Justice through the medium of the neglected Urvashi in the Churchill Plate. In the absence of the Maharaja, Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, K. C. S. I., the Dewan presented the Gold Cup and the Steward's Cup after the last race. Only two tickets were solved on the treble pool event. Each ticket holder collected Rs. 5,149.

Following are the results of the Bangalore races on the fifth day.

*

Results

FIRST RACE:
POOTANNAH PLATE Division 1—Distance 7 furlongs.
KUNIGAL (Jajodia) 9-3 Mitchel 1
DUTCHDOLL (Maharaja of Parlakimedi) 9-0 McQuade 2
MINNAMURRA (Syed Alah) 8-3 Percival 3
PEACE (Mrs. T. Hill and Mrs. Stephen) 8-1 Shanker 4
Not run: Reflect.
Won by: 2 lengths, 1/2 length, 1/2 length.
Time: 1 minute 33 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 161. Places Rs. 48 8, Rs. 27 and Rs. 42 8.
Winner trained by S. Hill.

*

SECOND RACE:
KOOPA PLATE—Distance 1 mile.
ABU MUSLIM (Ahmed Abbas) 7-6 Benjamin 1
OFFICER (Raja of Ramnad) 8-13 Marrs 2
SHREE RANJIT (Subramaniam) 9-0 Shanker 3
ABJAR SAUD (Kusalram) 7-11 Bourke 4
Not run: Khishfalliah and Amalalshabab.
Won by: 2 lengths, 1/2 length, 1/2 length
Time: 1 minute 54 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 175/8. Places Rs. 30, Rs. 16 and Rs. 17 8.
Winner trained by Yusuf Mohd.

*

THIRD RACE:
COL RAJKUMAR C. DESARAJ URS MEMORIAL CUP—Distance 1 mile.
CHORISTER BOY (Sharif) 9-2 Oneale 1
HUZUR (Yusuf Sait Fais and Imamdin) 7-5 F. Kourdin 2
RANDOM HARVEST (Raja of Bobbili) 7-5 Shanker 3
GOLDE SHOT (Sorabjee) 9-0 McQuade 4
Not run: Dacoit and April Shower.
Won by: Short, head, neck.
Time: 1 minute 47 3 5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 58 8. Places Rs. 22, Rs. 32/8 and Rs. 15.
Winner trained by Clarke.

*

FOURTH RACE:
STEWARDS CUP—Distance 1 mile and 3 furlongs.
USANG (Mrs. Thomson) 9-0 Thomson 1
NAWADIR (Maharani Chimnabai) 7-15 McQuade 2
TARZAN (Mrs. Alleton) 7-2 Silva 3
AMAR JOT (Mrs. Abdul Jabbar) 7-5 Benjamin 4
Not run: Mahbub Khalaf, Othello.
Won by: 2 lengths, 2 lengths, six lengths.
Time: 2 minutes 47 4 5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 75 Places Rs. 29, Rs. 19 8 and Rs. 76 8.
Winner trained by Thomson.

*

FIFTH RACE:
MAHARAJA OF MYSORE'S GOLD CUP.—Distance 1 mile 3 furlongs.
SHAHI BAG (Mrs. Justice) 8-7 Duffy 1
PRESS ON (Hayward) 9-4 Shanker 2
FLEET WINGS (Raja of Ramnad) 7-4 Bourke 3
LOVE LYRIC (Reed) 7-12 Mitchel 4
Not run: Brother Scribe
Won by: 1 2 length, 2 lengths and 1 length.
Time: 2 minutes 36 1 5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 20 8. Places Rs. 14, Rs. 18
Winner trained by Balone.

*

SIXTH RACE:
CHURCHILL PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.
URVASHI (Mrs. Justice) 8-8 Eude 1
CANDOUR (Thomas 9-2 Shanker 2
MEGHAPUSHPA (Hasnain) 9-4 Duffy 3
LION TIMER (Shan) 8-11 Marrs 4
Not run: Kingsparade, Lookout Khijouna, Dhanaxmi.
Won by: 4 lengths 1 length and 1 length.
Time: 1 minute 19 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 165. Places Rs. 35, Rs. 14 8 and Rs. 15.
Winner trained by Malone.

*

SEVENTH RACE:
POOTTANNAH PLATE Division 2.
FAST WORKERS (Nessin) 9-0 Black 1
TITLI (Raja Vijanagaram) 8-8 Oneale 2
AS YOU PLEASE (Mrs. Justice) 8-12 Duffy 3
HALCYON DAYS (Maharaja of Parlakimidi) 7-4 Percival 4
Not run: Zanzavat, Hot Stuff, Bay Gallant Tap Dance.
Won by: 5 lengths, 2 lengths and 4 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 33 1 5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 41. Places Rs. 15 8, Rs. 28 8 and Rs. 15 8.
Winner trained by: Nessim.

European Economic Commission

Anglo-French Move: Joint Invitation To Russia

PARIS, June 18, (A.P.A.): France and Great Britain agreed today to convoke a European economic commission to draft an overall recovery and reconstruction programme in response to the Marshall offer. The two nations are to send a joint invitation to the Soviet Union to participate in this commission, a spokesman said.

The agreement on the formation of the economic commission was reached in conversations between the French Foreign Minister, M. Georges Bidault, and the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, which opened in Paris last night.

Bidault announced this decision to the French Cabinet at its meeting with the President, M. Vincent Auriol, the cabinet spokesman said.

Bidault was reporting on the progress of his talks with Bevin and the British staff of economic and financial experts.

The cabinet authorised the Foreign Minister to proceed in forming the commission, and then voted its approval of the Franco-British Alliance signed this spring at Dunkerque.

Bidault is to go to London in the near future to exchange ratifications with the British Government.

Master Vote Triumphs At Ascot Stakes

ASCOT, June 18 (Reuter): The Royal Hunt Cup was won today by Master Vote with Whitehall second and Admiral's Yarn third.

Betting: Twenty-five to one, hundred to seven and thirty-three to one.

Won by two lengths and one length between second and third.

Runners were as probables omitting Prince Charles and Skinners.

HYDERABAD (DN), June 17, (A. P. I.): In view of the continued strike of about 600 butchers and retailers of mutton, meat shops in the city will be acquired by the Municipality and permanently allotted to Arabs who have been authorised to slaughter goats and sell meat as licensed holders.

W. I. Services Soccer

K. O. Y. L. I. PREVAIL IN EXTRA-TIME

BOMBAY Wednesday.
K.O.Y.L.I. 2
IND SIGNALS 0

After ten minutes of the second half of play in their opponents territory, the K.O.Y.L.I. succeeded only in the extra time and at the end of the match had the satisfaction of passing in the second round.

Strangely enough, the man who created a number of opportunities also ruined them for his side. Akehurst on the right wing of the winners at many a tender time and again eventually to shoot wide. Often outside His centring left a good deal to be desired probably because of the new position under which he was playing. In an inside position he might have been far more dangerous and probably the K.O.Y.L.I. would not have had to resort to the extra time.

Akehurst was not the only player to miss an opportunity of scoring. Duckling, Smith, Gardner and Stock each had, on some occasion or other, at least one chance of scoring. On the few occasions they managed to get in a respectable shot, custodian Cowan intervened in an efficient fashion. His performance was a very creditable one. He was well supported in this department by centre-half Britton who had a hefty kick and excellent anticipation.

Gardner scored the first goal of the match in the first half of extra-time when he beat Cowan with a high rising shot. The second goal came in the second half when Smith shot from a very close range.

The teams

K.O.Y.L.I.—Pine; Henson and Walker; Morley, Benett and White; Akehurst, Duckling, Smith, Gardner and Stock.

IND SIGNALS.—Cowan; Keeble and Mortimer; R. Bateson, Britton and Coury; Caligari, Ashford, Beattie, Baker and Johnson.

Thursday at 5-45 p.m.: R.A.F. vs. Movement Control.

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Hightide 12-38.
Lowtide 05-42, 18-39.
BOMBAY CORPORATION at 3 p.m. (B.T.)

Today's Engagements

THE SECRET OF ETERNAL YOUTH will be the subject of a public lecture by the Hungarian Artist and Naturopath Mr. Andre Karpati at Mazdaznan today at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road.

BRAHMO SAMAJ TRUST: Today at 6-15 p.m. at the Y.M.C.A., 12 Wodehouse Rd. Panel: Sir Francis Low, Lady Rama Rau, Mr. M. R. Masani, Dr A. P. R. Pinto and Dr. M. B. Vajifdar.

GOAN POLITICAL CONFERENCE: Meeting of the Reception Committee at 6-30 p.m. today in Forbes Gujerati Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: Kavi Sant Sitaramjee will deliver a 'Harikatha' on "Tulsidas" in Gujerati at the Besant Hall of the Lodge, French Bridge, at 6-30 p.m. today.

I.A.A. RE. ER. — Motorists are reminded that payment of tax on their cars falls due on the 1st of July 1947. The last date for payment of the Tax (i.e., the date to which the period of grace extends) is 15th July, 1947, in accordance with the Bombay Motor Vehicles Tax Rules of 1940. Those who make payment after that date are liable to a monetary penalty, so states a press note of the Western India Automobile Association.

MUSICAL CONCERT: A musical concert in honour of Mridangnavaj Ambadas Indorekar (son of the late Sakharam Tatya Gurav of Indore from the famous Nana Panse's Gharana) will be held at 5-30 p.m. on Saturday, 21st June, at the School of Indian Music, French Bridge Corner, the programme including Mridanga demonstration by Syt. Ambadasji and violin recital by Prof. V. G. Jog of Lucknow.

B. P. C. C. OVATION TO KRISHNA MENON

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Pandit Nehru's personal envoy to Europe, was accorded a reception by Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at the Congress Hall this evening. Mr. S. K. Patil presided.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, and Mr. A. P. Sabawala, Mayor of Bombay were present.

Responding to the felicitations, Mr Menon said that due to the British rule, India was isolated from the rest of the world. Now when India had achieved Independence, she would have to enter into close relationship with other countries.

Reception At The Taj

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Ministers, judges, consuls of foreign nations, newspaper editors, business magnates and leading film stars foregathered in the Banqueting Hall of the Taj Mahal Hotel on Wednesday evening to meet Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Personal Representative of Pandit Nehru in Europe, at the invitation of Mr. and Mrs. Joachim Alva of the "Forum".

Mr. Menon was introduced to the guests who included Mr. V. L. Mehta, Mr. Morarji Desai, Sir C. D. Deshmukh, the Mayor of Bombay, Mr. Justice Chagla, Their Lordships Bishops Gracias and Raymond, the consuls for America, China and Italy, the first Canadian High Commissioner to India, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Sir Francis Low, Mr. M. A. Master, Mr. and Mrs. V. Shantaram and the Rev. and Mrs. J. Kellock.

NEW THANA MAGISTRATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, June 18.

Three new Resident Magistrates have been appointed for Thana District. Mr. H. H. Ursekar took charge of his office at Thana on Monday morning replacing four Honorary Magistrates. Mr. K. Dhurandhar will take charge at Kalyan tomorrow replacing three Honorary Magistrates and Mr. P. K. Kulkarni has been appointed at Umbergaon.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, June 19.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Madhavrao Mhapeskar (Jaltarang) 8-45 Manisha Gajjar (Gujarati Geet) 9-0 Firoz Dastur (Gopika Basant.

12-0 p.m. Programme in Marathi for women 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Marathi Songs 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 Sarangi Solo (Raag Miyan Calhar) 4-30 Teaching of mathematics—Part II Talk (E) by R. S. Gaitonde; (2) Teaching of history: (E) by S. A. Rauf 5-0 Madhavrao Mhapeskar (Jaltarang) 5-15 Children's Half-Hour 5-55 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Krishnarao Ketkar (Multani) 6-30 Samina Imtiaz Ali (Ghazal) 6-45 Madhavrao Mhapeskar (Jaltarang) 7-0 Meenal Brahmandkar (Khayal Vilambit aur Drut) 7-30 Kothe Kothe, Joodi Mati 7-45 Filmi Duniya 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Agarkaranche Smruticharitra 9-0 tNews (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Sports Review 10-0 Music of Concert Halls 10-20 Liesl Stary - Pianoforte (Italian concerto Bach Pieces by Modern composers) 10-50 Eruch Jal Mahableshwarvala: Baritone.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 20-6-47:—Scattered thunder-showers may occur in the Bombay Karnatak, the Hyderabad Karnatak, Western Telungana and the southern parts of central Hyderabad and eastern Telungana. A few falls of rain may also occur in the south Konkan-patti.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS: No large change.

MOVE FOR DR. REHMAN MEMORIAL

Committee Set Up

BOMBAY, Wednesday: A public meeting held this evening to mourn the death of the late Dr. M. B. Rehman, Principal of the Ismail Yusuf College, Jogeswari, resolved to construct a building to house the Urdu Research Institute as a fitting memorial to the services rendered by him to the numerous educational cultural, literary and other institutions in the city and the province. Sir Mohamed Yusuf presided.

The meeting further recorded with the deepest sense of regret the sad and untimely demise of Dr. Rehman, and acknowledged his distinguished service in the field of education in the province.

The President, Mr. A. A. Fyzee, Mr. Hassan Shaikh, Dewan Bahadur K. T. Jhaveri and others extolled the great work done by Mr. Rehman to the educational uplift of the province, particularly of the Mussalmans.

The meeting appointed a Committee consisting of Mr. Hadi C. Tyabji, Sir Fazal I. Rahimtulla, Mohamed H. A. Agboatwalla, Saif F. B. Tyabji, K. B. R. F. Munshi and others to expedite the work of erecting the memorial.

State Of Emergency In Dahanu

Mr. S. V. Parulekar, General Secretary, Maharashtra Kisan Sabha, in the course of a statement says:

"Relying on the reports of the bureaucracy the Ministry is still pursuing its policy of repression in the Varli area. The bureaucracy has misled the Ministry to believe that the Varlis are responsible for acts of a handful of anti-social elements who have dared to enter the area from the neighbouring territory and have committed a few dacoities.

The Ministry's recent act of repression is that of extending the State of Emergency in the District of Thana till the 14th of July, 1947. Having committed the gravest wrong and injustice of declaring a State of Emergency on the 14th November, 1946 on the ground of the situation arising out of trade dispute which had been amicably settled long before the State of Emergency was declared, the Ministry is still persisting in it both because it has failed to bring the Varlis under its influence through repression and the bureaucracy has misled it by false and distorted reports. The State of Emergency has been in existence in the area for the last seven months. Normal conditions have been established in the area long since, as has been admitted by the Ministry. To pursue repressive policy in these circumstances is to help the landlords to establish their rule of tyranny.

Com. Shashikant Deo, the cousin of Sjt. Shanker Rao Deo, General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, was arrested a week back in Dahanu under a charge of dacoity and has been remanded into police custody. He is an under-graduate of the Bombay University and has been a political worker ever since 1942. He courted imprisonment in the National Struggle of 1942.

I have, therefore, to appeal to all patriotic people to raise their voice once again in defence of the poor and helpless Varlis and their just cause, to demand an open inquiry into the behaviour of the bureaucracy, which had misled the Ministry to adopt a policy of repression and withdrawal of the State of Emergency, which alone will give them an opportunity to organise their defence in the criminal proceedings which are pending against about 400 Varlis."

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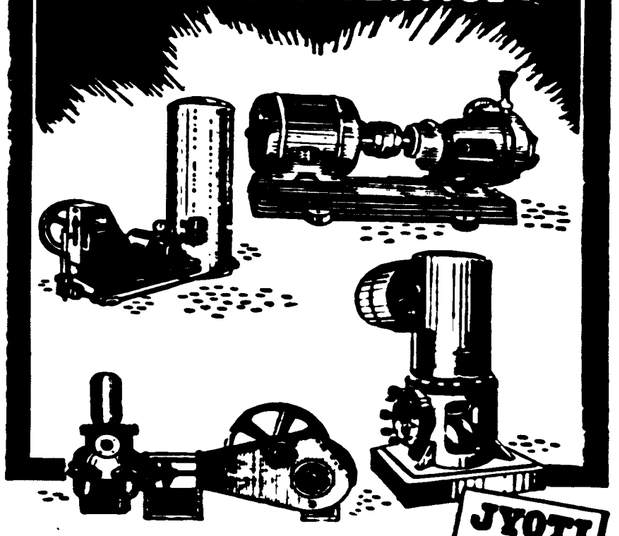

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WEATHER CHART

POONA, June 18 (API.) The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded during the past 48 hours, total rainfall from 1st June, 1947 and departure from the normal recorded at 8-0 hours (I S T) on 18th June, 1947:

Allahabad 107 88 0 0.3 minus 1.1 BOMBAY 93 84 0 2.0 minus 7.4 Calcutta 86 77 0.1 8.3 plus 1.2 Cawnpore 107 89 0 0 0.4 minus 0.7 Colombo 85 73 0 8.4 plus 1.9 Cuttak 94 83 0 5.7 plus 0.9 Delhi 105 85 0 0 1 minus 0.7 Hyderabad (Dn) 95 76 0.3 0.9 minus 0.4 Indore 99 70 0.4 0.7 minus 2.4 Jacobabad 113 79 0 0.8 minus 0.1 Jubbulpore 103 84 0 2.1 Karachi 91 80 0 0 minus 0.1 Lahore 108 78 0 0 minus 0.4 Lucknow 106 85 0 1.7 plus 1.0 Madras 100 81 0 0.8 minus 1.2 Nagpur 102 76 0 1.4 minus 3.1 Patna 97 83 0 2.8 plus 0 Peshawar 87 73 0 0 minus 0. Poona 92 75 0 0 minus 2.7 Rawalpindi 105 75 0 0.4 minus 0.18 Shillong 79 65 0 9.1 minus 4.2 Sholapur 100 76 0 2.6 minus 7 Simla 76 46 0 1.5 minus 0.4 Srinagar 79 59 T 1.4 plus 0.7.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Books are the legacies that genius leaves to mankind to be delivered down from generation to generation as presents to those that are yet unborn.

—Addison.

The Bombay Chronicle

BURMA AND INDIA

India and Burma have a common destiny in Asia and the world. And there is far more that should bind them in friendship and fraternal collaboration when both are free, than that which separates them. The sentiments that have been consistently expressed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on behalf of India and U Aung San have their origin in genuine feelings and not merely polite exchanges representing diplomatically "correct" relationship. Any differences between India and Burma are, therefore, to be regretted in any case. But they are all the more regrettable if they arise on the eve of the attainment of freedom by both. Yet this is what has, unfortunately, happened.

The circumstances that have compelled the Government of India to lodge a strong protest with the Government of Burma against the Emergency Immigration Bill are clearly set forth in the authoritative statement that has been made at New Delhi through the Associated Press of India. The way in which the Government of India was ignored and even denied the ordinary courtesy of prior information of the Emergency legislation, the shape of which was changed without informing New Delhi must naturally have come as a shock to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the Indian Government. The Immigration legislation is unjust on its merits and becomes even more deplorably unfair and ungracious in the context of the Government of India's own efforts to assist the Burma Government in checking the flow of non-evacuee Indians into Burma and efforts, moreover, which have succeeded in actually changing the balance of immigration and emigration in favour of Burma. In the circumstances what is rightly described as "drastic legislative action" on the part of the Burma Government is worse than uncalled-for. What must deeply pain India is that such action has been taken by the new Government of U Aung San. India expected and still expects a more friendly attitude on the part of the distinguished and rightly respected Burmese leader. Let both our countries start the new era of freedom not with friction but in friendship, not merely neighbourly friendship but fraternal friendship.

Housing In Bombay City

We have on a previous occasion congratulated the Government of Bombay and the Labour and Housing Minister, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda on making a start with the housing of workers in our city by commencing the building of the blocks of two-roomed tenements, of which 224 will be erected at Worli. We may differ with regard to the location and the accommodation to be provided, but let us admit that it is a commendable beginning, in so far as it is an earnest of Government's intentions. The start has not come a moment too soon and we would like to suggest to the Minister, the Housing Commissioner and his staff that they will not only earn the blessings of thousands of needy city workers but will also be making a valuable contribution to the solution of a very pressing and significant national problem, bearing on people's health, habits, manners, morals and longevity, if they redouble the efforts that they are now making.

It is because we realise the value of this second elementary necessity of life and the magnitude of the problem in our city which has almost doubled its population in the last seven years that we invite Government's earnest attention to what we are stating here today. Government has put forward for a start, what we should call a very modest programme, of building in the next five years 15,000 tenements at a total cost of about Rs. 7 1/2 crores. The Government proposes to contribute Rs. 2 1/2 crores of this amount would rightly request the Central Government, which receives large amounts in income-tax, customs duties, petrol tax and other taxes from the provincial cities, to contribute Rs. 2 1/2 crores and would expect or oblige employers to provide the remaining Rs. 2 1/2 crores in the next five years by way of a capital levy amounting to Rs. 2 per employee, the larger employers of labour being called upon to contribute at first and, then, the smaller ones being approached with a lesser levy per employee. We hope the industrialists who have made very huge profits during the war at the cost of the common consumer, will now come forward to bear their share of providing the necessities of life at least of their employees. They will be ensuring the prosperity of their own industry by doing so, as they can then look forward to greater co-operation and output by a contented and healthier labour force.

But let us remind Government that the provision of 15,000 tenements in five years will hardly scratch the surface of the vast problem of housing in our city, which, according to the Report of the Housing Panel, will need 2 1/4 to 3 lacs of tenements over a period of 20 to 25 years for housing or rehousing about 12 lacs of its inhabitants, who are either living at present in sub-standard housing or slums or are without proper or adequate housing or even shelter in the shape of a roof over their heads. 15,000 tenements will house about 60,000 to 75,000 persons in five years. Though the normal increase of population in the city has varied, in pre-war years, from 25,000 to 40,000 per annum, after 1941, the population has shown an abnormal rise of about 1 1/2 to 2 lacs per annum on an average. Thus according to its present programme, Government will not be providing enough housing even for the normal annual increase of population, not to speak of the hundreds of thousands who are at present clamouring for housing of any standard, good, bad or indifferent. In addition we have to remember that with the Rent Act and the paucity of materials and their cost, private enterprise cannot be expected to add to this housing for the class of tenants whose income ranges from Rs. 50 to 150 per month. Government will, therefore, have to give more earnest thought to this great and acute problem facing the city.

Frankly Speaking

Urgent Need

As long as profit is the underlying motive of expanding industry, it is axiomatic that many employers will be utterly indifferent and even callous to the conditions in which their employees live and work. Outside the Socialist State, where the employer is eliminated, the only brake on the anarchic exploitation of Labour by greedy capitalists is state legislation ensuring certain irreducible minimum conditions. Labour welfare legislation in India has been lagging far behind many other progressive countries. During the last year or two the Labour Investigation Committee appointed by the Government of India examined Labour conditions in most of the important industries and produced a series of valuable reports. Some of these make gruesome reading and the conditions of work prevailing in many factories and establishments are truly intolerable. The Government of India, has therefore, acted none too early in setting up a special organisation under the Chief Adviser of Factories, which will be charged with the duty of devising measures to bring the working conditions of factory labour in India up to the standards prevailing in the leading industrial countries of the world. The chief functions of this organisation are to offer advice and to carry on propaganda. Presumably, it is intended that the actual work of enforcing welfare regulations should be left to the various Labour Departments in the Centre and the Provinces. We have no partiality for any particular agency; but we do insist that the Government of India and the Provincial Governments should devise standards of work and enforce them at once. It is a matter which cannot be allowed to drift any longer

Stark Reality

India's long tale of woe in the matter of food seems to have no end. On the contrary and despite the patient, persistent and co-operative efforts of the various food authorities in the Centre and in the Provinces, the country is now faced with what is described as "the most difficul' period of food scarcity" Wheat harvests have been exceedingly poor in quantity as well as quality — so poor in fact that that the Government is forced to take away nearly 100,000 tons from the consumers and use it for seed purposes, in an attempt to forestall possible reduction in wheat yields next year. Procurement plans have been disrupted in certain key production centres like the Punjab due to large scale civil disturbances. And just at this crucial time—this grave hour of need—imports have dwindled. During the months of June, July and August, while India needs 1,150,000 tons, even to maintain the reduced ration of 12 ozs., total imports of only 454,000 tons are expected which implies a huge deficit of 696,000 tons. And, thanks to the threatened long tie-up in U. S. shipping as a result of the maritime strike in that country, it is now doubtful if even this quantity will reach India in time. The Government of India is undoubtedly doing all in its power to tap every possible source, both internal and external. But the fact must be faced that the prospects of augmenting available stocks, to any appreciable extent, are very remote, indeed. In the circumstances, the people must prepare themselves to face the stark reality of the situation. The Government, too, must utilise all such machinery of information and propaganda as may be available to it to prepare the people and also to guide and advise them. There seems no alternative to a further cut in rations. But while making that cut the need for it must be fully explained to the people and every possible measure taken to mitigate their sufferings as also to avoid unpleasant consequences.

A Viet Nam Appeal

The Viet Namese have completed six months of their struggle for freedom. To mark the occasion, their leader Dr. Ho Chi Minh broadcast congratulations to the gallant fighters on their resistance, pointing out how the French have failed in snatching a quick military decision. But the French failure to crush Viet Nam resistance has not settled the conflict. Very far from it. As Dr. Ho warns his people, it only affords them the advantages of a prolonged struggle when "the waters of national resistance will eventually extinguish the fires of French aggression". There is no doubt that the Viet Namese will fight on with unfaltering determination whatever the odds against them, until they win their freedom's battle. Dr. Ho has appealed to the friends of the Viet Nam in Asia to help and sustain the patriots in their struggle. It is the duty of all Asia to respond to this appeal. It is not possible to render directly effective material assistance, but Asian countries and peoples can yet do a great deal within those limits. For one thing an unmistakable demonstration of Asian solidarity in respect of the aspirations and struggle of a gallant people cannot fail to produce a sobering influence on French Imperialism. If French statesmen are not devoid of imagination and ordinary commonsense they will realise soon enough that the advantages of not earning the antagonism of Asian countries far outweigh any dubious benefits that they think they will gain by seeking to preserve their domination over the Viet Nam.

Significant Fact

A measure of the success of the Arab Higher Committee's call to the Arab world for demonstration against the terms of reference of the Palestine Inquiry Committee is afforded by a United Press of America report from Cairo. In that city a mass meeting of Muslims "roared for 'Jehad'". The point is that the demonstration was representative not only of Palestine, Egypt and other Middle East countries but also of North Africa, Morocco and even Indonesia. There may be no actual "Jehad", but the meeting—and it was only one of many held all over the Arab world—gives an unmistakable warning of the temper of the Arabs and of the fact that that temper is shared by the entire Muslim world. The Arabs of Palestine and representatives of other Arab countries may or may not give their co-operation to the Palestine Inquiry Commission, but here is a grim and significant Fact which the Fact Finders of the United Nations will ignore only at peril to peace in the Middle East and to the United Nations Organisation let alone America and Britain.

Indian Information Officer In Britain

LONDON, June 18, (Reuter): Mr. Sudhir Ghosh, Public Relations Officer at the office of the High Commissioner for India in London, told "Reuter" today that he was expecting the appointment of an Indian Information Officer at the India House.

He hoped that the Government of India would make the announcement at an early date.

The new Information Officer will undertake mainly publicity work in Britain on behalf of the Government of India.

Amery Pleads For Indian Commonwealth

LONDON, June 18, (U.P.A.): Former Secretary of State for India Leopold S. Amery speaking at the Royal Empire Society today advocated an Indian Commonwealth either within or without the framework of the British Commonwealth.

Amery said, "If India cannot achieve unity through a federation she can still aim at developing a new flexible unity as an Indian Commonwealth....Partition will leave two halves in British India which are not foreign countries in relation to each other but members of the same Commonwealth with a freely inter-changeable citizenship and the moral obligation to remain peaceful and to co-operate over the entire field of national life.

NAINITAL, June 17 (A.P.I.): Hafiz, Communication Minister, United Provinces, has authorised the Associated Press of India to contradict press reports stating that he has resigned from the U P. Cabinet. The Communication Minister who arrived here today in an interview described the press report about his resignation as "baseless and without any foundation."

Sovereignty Of Berar Rests With People

Nizam's Claim Is Declared To Be Historically Legally And Morally Inadmissible

The Free Berar Committee appointed by the All Parties Conference held at Akola on 20th April, 1947, has prepared a memorandum on Berar, challenging the validity of the claim of H.E.H. the Nizam of Hyderabad for the retrocession of Berar to him. The Committee makes a historical survey of the question and declares that the Nizam has no constitutional or moral right to over-rulership of the province of Berar, the sovereignty of which, according to the memorandum, rests with the people of the province.

In the course of the memorandum it is stated as follows:

"The claim of retrocession of Berar, had been raised by Nizam and negatived by the British Government on many previous occasions. In 1872 Sir Salar Jung claimed that Berar should be re-united in administration as well as in sovereignty with the rest of the Nizam's Dominions. This claim was negatived by the Secretary of State for India. Lord Salisbury by his despatch dated 28th March, 1878, in which it was pointed out that although the assignment of Berar effected by the treaties of 1853, and 1860 was a "limited assignment," there was no stipulation as to time, and that the continuance of the assignment, did not depend on the consent of the Nizam.

In 1902, the Government of India, in the letter to the Secretary of State dated 13th November 1902 pointed out that Berar was assigned without limit of time to the British Government and that the proposed agreement of 1902 merely substituted a perpetual lease in place of a perpetual but a limited assignment. Again in October 1923, the Nizam addressed a Memorandum to the Government of India, claiming that he is entitled to the complete restoration of Berar to his Dominions.

This claim after a full and careful examination by Lord Reading and with the fullest approval of the British Government, was finally rejected, by a letter addressed, by Lord Reading to the Nizam dated 11th March, 1925.

Lord Reading approved the interpretation put upon the treaties of 1853 and 1860 on the previous occasions and stated, that the question of retrocession of Berar was no longer open and must be deemed to be finally concluded, and re judicata.'

NIZAM'S PLEA EMPHATICALLY REJECTED

After the rejection of the Nizam's claims by Lord Reading, the Nizam had again addressed a letter to the Viceroy on 20th September 1925, in which the Nizam complained "I cannot refrain from questioning the use of the word 'decision' in connection with the Berars. Outside foreign affairs, I have as an ally of the British Government, every justification to reserve to myself the right of looking upon a refusal given by His Majesty's Government, as a mere rejection and not a decision. I think it essential to invite Your Excellency's attention to this aspect of the question.....The rejection by His Majesty's Government, of my claim to the restoration of the Berars, can only be a fact, expressing its views but it cannot impose upon me or upon my house any obligaton to treat the subject as closed or to regard the claim as barred for all time. No such limitations can govern allies, who within the terms of the treaties, exercise full freedom of action to agree or disagree with a proposal put forward by one or the other.

Further "In matters, between the allies there can and ought not to be the barring of investigation or renewal of proposals, on the plea of 'res judicata.'

"To this Lord Reading gave the following emphatic reply on 27th March, 1926:—

"I regret I cannot accept Your Highness's views that the orders of the Secretary of State on your representation, do not amount to a decision. It is the right and privilege of the paramount power to decide all disputes that may arise between states or between one of the states and itself and even though a court of arbitration may be appointed in certain cases, its function is merely to offer independent advice to the Government of India, with whom the decision rests.

"The legal principle of 'res judicata', is based on sound practical considerations and it is obviously undesirable that a matter which, has once been decided, should form the subject of repeated controversies between the same parties."

Thus it will be seen that these declarations of the British Government on the question of retrocession of Berar, are decisions and are binding on the Nizam, make the matter covered by these decisions, 're judicata' for all future occasions."

The Memorandum then goes on to say as follows:

DAYS OF DIVINE RIGHTS OF KINGS OVER

The days of divine rights of Kings are over.

These are the days of Atlantic Charter and of self-determination securing to every people their inherent rights to determine the constitution under which they will live.

The affirmation of the sovereignty of the Nizam over Berar in agreements entered between the British Government and the Nizam, can have no binding force on the People of Berar.

The continuation of this sovereignty will be inconsistent with the declaration of His Majesty's Government, that India, which included Berar, was free to choose any form of Government, it liked.

Berar as a party to the objectives resolution passed by the Constituent Assembly, has declared its intention to form part of the Independent Sovereign Republic of India.

NIZAM NEVER CONQUERED BERAR

Nizam had never conquered Berar nor had he at any time of its history, held an undisputed sway over the territory by power of his arms. Having obtained Berar as a gratuitous cession, he ruled if it could be called a 'rule' for 50 years in a manner that made its termination inevitable on humanitarian, moral and financial grounds. In his own Dominions, the character of the administration is much the same as it was in 1878, when Salisbury wrote his famous despatch. Politically, Hyderabad is still medieval and feudal while Berar is modern and republican.

The British Crown has always claimed to exercise powers over the Indian State independently and many times inconsistently with the treaties and engagements with the Indian Rulers. The moral justification for the exercise of such powers, had always been sought in the responsibility of the paramount power towards the people of the State, to take remedial action, whenever the welfare of the people of the State, were concerned.

The time has now come after about 100 years of the British administration and an initiation into the practices of Democratic Government that the paramount power, should, in discharge of its responsibility to the people of Berar, terminate such vestiges of sovereignty to the Nizam as might be remaining today.

CONCLUSIONS

To conclude, therefore, the people of Berar claim that:—

(a) the question of retroceding Berar to the administration of Nizam, is no longer open, having been finally concluded by the decision of the British Government.

(b) retrocession of Berar will be a flagrant breach of the repeated assurances given by the British Government to the people of Berar.

(c) the withdrawal of the British Paramountcy does not in any way affect the previous decisions and assurances on the future of Berar.

(d) the continuance of the sovereignty of the Nizam, in any shape or form, after the withdrawal of the paramountcy, will be inconsistent with the obligations of the paramount power, towards the people of Berar.

(e) legal, historical and moral considerations and current political theory of sovereignty of people all justify the claim of the All-parties Conference for the termination of the sovereignty of Nizam over Berar.

Sind Rice For Bombay

KARACHI, June 18, (A.P.I.): Six thousand tons of Sind rice allotted to Bombay were despatched from here today by "S.S. Jal Brahma"

SIND UNIVERSITY IMBROGLIO

Education Minister's Threat Perturbs Hindu Educational tional Institutions

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, June 18.

A regular tug-of-war is to-day going on between the Sind Government and the general Hindu public on the question of Sind University Act and its most objectionable clause of compulsory affiliation of all the high schools and colleges of the Province to the new Sind University.

Wide publicity has been given by local newspapers to the speech of the Hon. Mr. Justice Chagla, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University who has upheld the contention of Sind Hindus that the Colleges and High Schools of Sind continue to be affiliated to the Bombay University.

Though Mr Chagla has extended his hand of co-operation and asked the Sind Government to sit and find out some sort of compromise, the Sind Government, through its Education Minister, Pir Illahi Bux, has issued a threat to the local educational Institutions that if they continue affiliation to the Bombay University, they will not be paid any grant by the Sind Government. Moreover, Government lands on which any of such Institutions might be standing will be resumed.

As for the non-cooperating students and teachers, the Minister says that the doors of new Pir Illahi Bux Training College will be closed against them and that Government scholarships to any of such students will also be withdrawn.

Hindus, who have formed a Citizens' Committee to fight the Sind Government in this respect, first tried to effect compromise with the League Ministers and when the talks reached their peak, off came the order of Quaid-e-Azam not to make any changes in the Sind University Act. Accordingly, this Committee is now striving for the establishment of a separate University in Sind for the Hindus and other minority communities. Their main contention is that if the Muslims of U.P. with only 14 per cent population can have a separate Aligarh University, then why not Sind Hindus whose population is as much as 30 per cent?

The managements of a number of high schools as also the Sind Collegiate Board, running the main colleges of the province, have taken decisions to continue their affiliation to the Bombay University. They have accordingly replied to the circular letter of the Registrar of the Sind University saying that all the high schools and colleges in the province automatically are disaffiliated from the Bombay University and become affiliated to the Sind University with the Sind University Act coming into force from 1st of this month.

STUDENTS' RESOLVE

Student organisations all over the province are meeting and a number of them have already decided that they will join and study in only such institutions who continue to be affiliated to the Bombay University and that if need be, they would be prepared to pay higher fees if such institutions will have lose the Sind Government's grant. A number of students have already left and more are still leaving the province to join colleges in other provinces, particularly the recently started Vallabh Maha Vidyalaya of Anand.

The Council of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee also passed a resolution extending their support to the decisions of the Citizens' Committee and have formed small district committees of M.L.A.'s and others to help and give guidance in the matter.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

MOSCOW, June 17 (U.P.A.): "Pravda" printed a dispatch from its Shanghai correspondent stating that reports were circulating there that J. Hall Paxton, United States consular representative at Sinkiang, was connected—as a result of orders from United States Army Chief of Staff Eisenhower—with the preparation and organisation of the June 5 Mongolian frontier incident.

* * *

Referring to the need for certain repairs to Buckingham Palace, an official of the British Ministry of Works has declared that "the King will rank with John citizen in his application for supplies."

We hope every care is taken by Dewans, Prime Ministers and Advisers of their would-be Majesties in India to see that this statement doesn't find its way into their prospective kingdoms.

But even if it does it doesn't matter. There are no John citizens there.

* * *

In a statement to the Press, Mr Jinnah declares himself "clearly of the opinion that Indian States are completely free to choose sovereign independence for themselves."

Whether or not that effectively crushes Jawaharlal, Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer and Dr B. R. Ambedkar, Sir C P Ramaswamy Iyer has the great satisfaction of being assured that at least one Sovereign State will recognise the Independence of his and other States. He ought to hail it as an effective check in any possible solid opposition by the United Nations Organisation.

* * *

The Russian Tass News Agency has reported that the Political Department at New Delhi has been burning documents relating to British policy regarding the Indian States.

Criticism and propaganda against the British we don't mind. But too ill-concealed hostility of the Soviet Union to Indian "States", their status and rights is a serious matter. In fact, it is an "unfriendly act" towards not only Travancore, Hyderabad etc. but also towards the coming Sovereign State of Pakistan.

* * *

Apropos of the announcement by Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar that Mysore would join the Constituent Assembly it need not cause too much distress. The situation is by no means hopeless.

It is confidently expected that Sir C P. Ramaswamy Iyer will devote one of his twice-a-day pronouncements in explaining to Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar how it is the sacred and moral obligation of every British Indian Dewan to put his loyalty to himself—to his State Ruler before any loyalty to his country.

* * *

Mr. Jinnah has appointed a committee to supervise and control the League organisation in the N.W.F.P. and organise referendum work.

There is, however, no suggestion yet that the exclusion of the President of the Provincial League and Mr Abdul Qaiyum Khan was not due to an oversight. We, therefore, defer our interrogative sympathy for the present.

* * *

"At this hour of our glorious victory when we have almost achieved our cherished goal of Pakistan...."
—A local Muslim Leaguer

The dictionary of the English language should be thankful for that "almost" Otherwise where would it have found an adjective for "victory"?

* * *

The Meteorological authorities at Santa Cruz have now definitely stated that there is no prospect of rain in Bombay for the next few days.

Now we can proceed definitely to feel hopeful about the prospects.

MADRAS, June 17 (A. P. I.): It is stated that the Madras Government have asked the allottees of 1,44,000 spindles under the Post-War Spinning Mills Expansion Plan in the Province to report on the extent of progress made by them in importing the spindles and also in securing necessary machinery for the new mills and erection of building.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Was It A Comet?

Sir,—Being very much interested in Astronomy, I am writing this letter to describe the brilliant phenomenon which myself and some friends saw on Friday, 6th instant at 9 p. m.

It was a brilliant star with a fairly long trail like a comet's tail. The star appeared in the Western sky about 30 degrees above the horizon, and travelled northwards. It was visible for nearly 30 seconds. Twice it passed though small clouds and reappeared to continue its journey.

The star was seen by me from my house at Versova. The time was 9-2 p. m. in my clock. Other citizens of Bombay, especially near the beach, must have seen this unusual phenomenon also.

We hope the Government Observatory at Bombay will throw some light on this astronomical experience of the city. It was far too high to be a fireworks display.

BEHRAM MEHTA.

All India Radio, Bombay, And Indian Music

Sir,—Since the past few months, A.I.R., Bombay, has, in numerous cases, discontinued the practice of mentioning in its programmes in the "Indian Listener" the names of the "Raags" to be sung by the artistes concerned, and the music is, instead, described merely as "vocal music."

This may be understandable in the case of eminent upcountry musicians, like Ustad Faiyaz Khan, whom, due to their numerous engagements away from their headquarters, it may not be always possible for A.I.R., Bombay to contact in time to fix up a set programme; but, of late, this practice has been extended to even several local artistes of mediocre capacity who sometimes sing "Thumris" and "Bhavgeets" under "Vocal Music." It is time, therefore, the matter was brought to the attention of the authorities concerned.

It is, I believe, generally the practice of the A.I.R. to invite artistes to furnish a list of "Raags' they would like to sing and a selection is made from the list by the A. I. R to suit the hours at which the artistes would be required to sing As such there is no reason why the Raags' should not be published in advance Moreover, subscribers to the Indian Listener' are entitled to and would like to know in advance the "Raags" to be sung by the different artistes to enable them (the subscribers) to tune in to what appeals to them as attractive, and, in the interests of the subscribers, the editor of the Indian Listener' will, I trust, be good enough to see that the Bombay Station mentions hereafter the specific 'Raags."

It is also essential that these "Raags" are adhered to by the artistes and not changed at their will, as has been done on rare occasions.

A. J. D.

"Appeal To Managing Agents"

Sir,—Mr. J. R. Master's letter on the above subject illustrates the plight of middle class investors who, led away by glittering advertisements and announcements, subscribed to shares of new companies without caring to reflect upon the merits of the concerns or taking the trouble to read the Memorandum, Agency agreements articles of Association and preliminary contracts.

Certain high personages in the city made it a business to lend their names as Chairmen or Directors in consideration of the managing agents giving them a slice from their own remuneration and/or providing a share in the profits of the concerns in addition to the Directors' fees. The innocent investor subscribed to the shares of such concerns upon reading the names of these personages without realizing that these directors were only acting as the henchmen of the managing agents.

A scrutiny of a number of prospectuses has disclosed a sordid state of affairs. Apart from legal irregularities, it has been found that material facts have been suppressed or presented in a misleading or garbled form. Harsh and at times unconscionable terms have been inserted in the managing agency and other contracts so as to bind the shareholders hand and food and put them in a stranglehold, so to say.

Low priced deferred shares have been issued as part of the capital structure and these shares are clothed with disproportionate rights as to voting and participation in dividends and assets as compared to the ordinary shares. These deferred shares have been retained by the promoters and or their nominees Thus, if the concern makes profits well and good By reason of his holding of deferred shares, the managing agent takes bulk of the profits and assets. If the concern makes losses he continues to pocket his allowance and minimum commission by virtue of his holding of deferred shares which have given him control over the undertaking. Thus, the managing agent has not much to lose whether the concern makes a profit or loss.

While it is the duty of the investor to examine these matters, it will not be denied that investors as a class are not astute enough to understand all the implications of a floatation. It is therefore, not surprising that they fell a prey to the wiles of the unscrupulous company promoter and his touts who are ever ready with their propaganda machine. It is true that you cannot save a fool from his folly, but it is also true that you should not be allowed to make a fool of the citizen. Take, for instance, the compensation clause which is usually inserted in a managing agency contract. Under this clause, the managing agent is emetled to claim compensation in the event of the company being wound up. I have often marvelled at the one sided manner in which the clause in question has been worded. Has your correspondent, who appeals to the Managing Agents to wind up the new companies, considered the position if the managing agents concerned insisted upon their pound of flesh by claiming compensation under their agreements? This is but one instance of the many which should make the investing public careful before subscribing to shares of new companies.

Government are also to blame. It is long since an expert was appointed to report on the amendments to be made in the Companies' Act, but nothing has been heard since. Schemes of industrialisation of the country would receive a setback unless the interests of the investing public are adequately protected by an early amendment of the Indian Companies' Act.

JAGMOHANDAS J. KAPADIA.

June 18.

India Deal For Palestine

Zionist Circles Fear Division As Outcome Of U. N. O. Commission

JERUSALEM, June 18 (IPA): Indian partition paves the way for Palestine partition, say Zionist circles here who believe that the U.N.O. Commission is likely to be influenced by the Indian carveup and by General Smuts' suggestion for dividing Palestine. Arab circles admit that in the opening fight before the UNO they suffered a setback. They declare the main cause lies in the fact that the UNO has not shown signs of considering the Palestine question on merits but looked upon the problem in the light of power politics.

IRGUN ZVAI'S PLAN

JERUSALEM, June 18 (APA): A band of young Jews—members of Haganah's Anti-Terrorist Forces—stormed a partly dug tunnel under Tel Aviv Military Headquarter to-day.

One of them lost his life when a mine exploded in the tunnel they were trying to wreck, official sources disclosed.

It was believed that Irgun Zvai Leumi had been digging the tunnel in order to destroy an army installation, in the event of three terrorists, who were sentenced to death on Monday, being executed.

TERRORISTS CLASH

JERUSALEM, June 18 (Reuter): Two people were seriously hurt in a clash between members of the Haganah—illegal defence organisation—and Stern Gang Terrorists during the night, Jewish sources in Tel Aviv reported today.

The clash occurred at the Ranana settlement near Herzlia, about ten miles north of Tel Aviv.

OFFICER ARRESTED

JERUSALEM, June 18 (Reuter): Major R. Farran, 26-year-old Assistant-superintendent of Palestine Police who was extradited from Syria yesterday, was under arrest in Jerusalem today "on a serious charge".

An official statement by the Palestine Government said that the charge related to the disappearance of Alexander Rubowitz, a 17-year-old Jew, on May 6 this year.

Rubowitz's relatives were told by a high ranking officer in Jerusalem yesterday: "We have been unable to trace the missing youth".

Farran holds a number of decorations for gallantry during the war, including the D.S.O.

U.N. COMMITTEE VISITS HOLY PLACES

JERUSALEM, June 18 (APA): Seeing at first-hand the religious division which are part of the Palestine problem, the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine today toured Jerusalem's holy places.

During the visit to the Moslem shrine, from where Moslems believe that the Prophet ascended to heaven Sir Abdur Rahman, the Indian delegate, offered prayers.

Incometax Office Staff To Stage "Pen Down" Strike

BOMBAY, June 18, (U.P.I.): All members of the non-gazetted Staff of the Income-tax Office, Government of India, Bombay will observe one day's "pen-down" strike tomorrow, June 19 as a protest against the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission.

KRIPALANI'S ASSURANCE TO MINORITIES IN PAKISTAN

League Will Not Invite Atmosphere Of Conflict In Its Own Government

NEW DELHI, June 18 (API).—Acharya J. B. Kripalani, Congress President, who left for Calcutta today in a statement asked the minorities in the future Pakistan not to get unduly nervous or panicky and not to be in a hurry to emigrate.

"Representatives of minorities from East Bengal West Punjab and Sind," the statement reads, "have approached me for advice as to what they should do when the territories they live in become part of an Independent State of Pakistan. Most of them fear that their lives, honour and property which are unsafe now would become even more unsafe then. I did not share that fear. On the contrary, I hope that once the State of Pakistan is established its Government or Governments would have enough sense of reality not to discredit themselves by unfair treatment of the minorities.

Up till now the Muslim League felt that it was in its interest to create an atmosphere of conflict and strife. Henceforth, it would obviously be in its interest to create order, for the spirit of lawlessness aroused against the minorities would sooner or later be turned against its own Governments. Moreover ill-treatment of the Minorities, either direct by Government action or indirect by encouragement of mob passion, is bound to bring the State of Pakistan into disrepute and ultimately into conflict with the Indian Union. I have no doubt that it would not be in the interest of Pakistan to invite needless conflict.

WAIT AND WATCH

I would, therefore, ask the minorities in the future Pakistan not to get unduly nervous or panicky and not to be in a hurry to emigrate. They should stick to their homes, lands and professions to which they have as much right as the members of the majority community. They should wait and watch and not lose faith in their own strength, in the potential sanity of the Pakistan Government and in the ultimate unity of India which can never be permanently destroyed.

It is in the obvious interest of the majority to win the affection and confidence of the minorities as it is in the interest of the minorities to give their co-operation to the majority, provided such co-operation is invited on just and honourable terms. Now that the Muslim League will assume the full responsibility of Government, I hope its leadership will with equal willingness accept the full obligations of such responsibility.

As regards the minorities in the Indian Union, Muslim or other, I assure them that they have nothing to fear. They will be justly and fairly treated. The Congress is a national organisation and will not tolerate special privileges or disabilities on communal or religious ground. It stands for justice and equal opportunities for all the people, irrespective of religion, caste, class or sex. As long as Congress has any influence with the Government and people of the Indian Union, no member of any minority community need fear discriminatory treatment.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 18. (A.P.I.): The Congress President, Acharya Kripalani, and Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani arrived here to-day by air from Delhi. They are likely to stay here for about four days.

The purpose of the Congress President's visit, it is learnt, is to assist the Bengal Congress Parliamentary party in the formation of new Parliamentary parties after the partition of the Province is effected, and also to help the Parliamentary parties in electing new members to the Constituent Assembly.

NO DISCRIMINATION AGAINST INDIANS

RANGOON, June 18. (Reuter): Burmese official quarters to-day denied allegations that the newly-promulgated Emergency Immigration Act was a discriminatory measure against Indians. They also expressed surprise at the Indian Government's protest alleging a breach of diplomatic procedure in promulgating the Act.

Mr. Mahn Da Khaind, Member for Labour and Industry in the Interim Government, told Reuter to-day that negotiations between the Burmese and Indian Governments concerning the new Immigration Act had been going on for nearly six months and that the views and criticisms of the draft offered to the Government of India had been embodied in the present Emergency Act.

"We are surprised to hear that we gave no indication to the Indian Government about our intention in the matter", the Burmese Minister said. Denying discrimination against Indians, he pointed out that immigration control applied equally to all foreigners.

No Submission To Force

Indonesia Prepared To Meet Threat To Independence

THE HAGUE, June 18, (I.P.A.): Twelve Republican parties in Indonesia are united in their resolve to fight the Dutch to the last if the Republican independence is threatened. Indonesians are warned to be ready by their leaders, who are encouraged by the interest shown by the Soviet people in their struggle. They are trying to settle their differences by negotiations, but are reported to be determined not to budge if the Dutch use force.

An appeal to the Netherland's Government to seek renewed contact with Indonesian Republicans for settlement and to submit differences to Arbitration is made by the Executive of the Dutch Labour Party at its meeting when recent developments in Indonesia were discussed. The Party demanded the immediate release of troops in the Indies to be replaced by new arrivals and further reduction in the Dutch forces.

Dutch newspapers publish statements accusing America of intervention in Indonesian affairs. According to the Government Labour Party newspaper "De Waarheide", the American army received the Dutch Government's permission to photograph Indonesian islands by air and prepare maps. The Indonesian Republic refused the American request for permission to survey the Republican territory in Sumatra and Java.

Commenting on the Dutch military action in the Sourabaya area against Indonesians, the newspaper stated that they were ashamed of events in the Southern Celebes and could not help recalling similar crimes committed by Germans in Holland during their occupation. The paper suggested that Dutch officers should be held responsible for their actions.

Kolhapur To Join Consembly?

NEW DELHI, June 18 (API): Mr. A. B. Latthe, Adviser to Kolhapur State, called on Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel today and is understood to have discussed with him Kolhapur's entry into the Constituent Assembly.

It is believed that Mr. Latthe arrived here under instructions from the Maharaja of Kolhapur to meet Sardar Patel. Following his talks with Sardar Patel today which Mr. Latthe would convey to the ruler, it is understood Kolhapur State would shortly announce its joining the Constituent Assembly.

JAILED FOR REFUSAL TO SELL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—Sumatilal Bhogilal Shah and Navinchandra Bhogilal Shah, partners of a 'Chemists and Druggists' shop known as the Queen's Chemists on Queen's Road, Bombay and a salesman of the shop, Mukundlal Vadilal Gandhi, who were arrested by the Police in June last year on the charge of having refused to sell a tin of Ovaltine to a (bogus) customer while having stock of the same were today found guilty under the Defence of India Rules, 1939, and the Drug Control Order, 1945, and convicted by V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court.

Sumatilal Bhogilal Shah, the senior partner of the concern, was sentenced to four months simple imprisonment, while Navinchandra Bhogilal Shah, his younger brother, was sentenced to two months' S.I. Mukundlal Vadilal Gandhi, the salesman, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 2,000, or in default, to undergo three months' S.I.

New India Bill

To Be Introduced In Commons In First Week Of July

LONDON, June 18, (Reuter): The British Government is pressing forward urgently with its preparations for the presentation to Parliament of the Bill creating the Dominions of Hindustan and Pakistan, cables Fraser Wighton, "Reuter's" Political Correspondent. The tentative arrangements, which are still subject to change, were reviewed by a meeting of the Cabinet constitutional and other experts last night.

I understand authoritatively that the Government is still aiming at the presentation of the Bill to the House of Commons in the first week of July.

Government is determined that nothing shall delay the passage of the Bill through Parliament during July.

Paramountcy Can't Be Inherited

NABHA, June 18 (UPI): The Punjab States Council met here on June 15 when the latest plan of His Majesty's Government for India was discussed in all its aspects. The Council fully endorsed H.M.G.'s policy pertaining to the States and reiterated the maxim that Paramountcy can only lapse: it cannot be inherited by any successor Government or Governments.

The Council further opined that the new announcement of His Majesty's Government as amplified at the press conference held by the Viceroy clearly showed that the Cabinet Mission's plan of Mry 16, 1946 had been finally abandoned and that as such co-operation of the States with the proposed Dominion or Dominions of India can only be on basis of negotiations.

In order, therefore, to implement the decisions which were arrived at in the meetings held at Bilaspur in May, 1947, certain essential points needed in the opinion of the Council immediate clarification and accordingly the Raja of Bilaspur was authorised to take further steps in the matter forthwith.

Meanwhile preparations for the electoral college to be set up for the Punjab States in Group XIV will continue.

Lull In Communist Offensive

TIENTSIN, June 18. (Reuter): Chinese Government troops routing a Communist force which landed south of Tangku—Tientsin's seaport where United States Marines were embarking for home in junks a few days ago—have brought about a lull in the week-old Communist offensive in eastern Hopei.

The battle in the Tangku Area, according to Chinese Dispatches reaching here to-day, lasted four hours. The Communists lost 200 men. Military authorities were said to be preparing "large scale mopping up operations in all areas where Communist troops were conducting the operations which began with a fanwise advance eastwards towards the Tientsin-Pukow railway on June 12.

Tsang Sien, 80 miles south of Tientsin, is the nearest point from here attacked and occupied by Communists.

General Wang Hung Chao, Chief of Staff of General Chiang Kai Shek's headquarters in Peiping, said to-day that the strength of the Communist forces did not indicate any intention to stay long in the main railway towns they had occupied. They could be driven out within a fortnight, he believed.

News In Brief

LONDON, June 18, (Reuter): With one of its four engines out of action, the Pan-American Airways Gold Plate Constellation Clipper "America", which is carrying 21 newspaper editors and publishers on the first commercial round-the-world air service, landed at London today on a further stage of their flight from New York.

GENEVA, June 18, (Reuter): Because of the difficulty of securing accommodation in Geneva, Indian Government delegates to the International Labour Conference, Mr. Jagjivanram and Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Ministers of Labour the central and Bombay Governments respectively, are staying at Divonnes in France across the border from Geneva about 15 miles from the Palace of Nations where the International Labour Conference is meeting.

LONDON, June 18 (Reuter). Lady Daphne Russel, 27-year-old daughter of the Duke of Bedford was fined £1,400 sterling today for currency offences in Southern France in which the name of Max Intrator was again mentioned.

BERLIN, June 18 (Reuter). Charged with the murder of 15,000 insane persons in the notorious Sonnerstein asylum in Saxony, a 70-year-old professor, Karl Nitsche, was on trial before a German court in Dresden in the Soviet Zone today. Nitsche was stated to have been associated with gassing of the insane since 1940.

CANBERRA, June 18 (Reuter) Australia has claimed the 10,000 ton factory ship "Ishi Paru" and 12 Whale-catching vessels as reparations from Japan.

LONDON, June 18 (Reuter). A number of political arrests have been recently made in Berlin and the Eastern Zone of occupation, a Red Army Officer, Major Sokolkov, told a gathering in the Berlin House of the Soviet Union, according to the Hamburg radio today.

WASHINGTON, June 18 (Reuter). —The Greek Government has pledged itself to take prompt and vigorous action to marshal the country's resources "to the fullest extent" in attaining the ends for which United States financial aid is extended, the State Department announced today.

A spokesman for the department said an agreement embodying the Greek pledges would be signed in Athens today or tomorrow.

First Canadian High Commissioner Arrives

Kearney Assures His People's Sympathy For India's Struggle For Independence

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"India, an old nation but a young state, will be successful. Her stars are rising and will shine brighter in the firmament of nations", Mr. J. D. Kearney, the first Canadian High Commissioner to this country, told newspapermen this evening, shortly after he reached Bombay by boat.

Fifty-four-year-old John Doherty Kearney comes to India as Canada's High Commissioner after six years in his country's diplomatic service which took him to Ireland, Norway and Denmark. On December 23, 1946, he was officially named for his job in India.

Mr. Kearney, with his staff of nine, will set up his office in New Delhi before the end of the month. "First, I will present my credentials; give my compliments to the representatives of the other nations in the capital and meet your leaders. Then I will roll up my sleeves and go to work," he said.

PARTNERSHIP IN COMMONWEALTH.

The Canadian High Commissioner expressed "delight" at the turn of events in India and said: "We are following the developments in India. Both Canada and your country are going in the same direction—partnership in the commonwealth of nations and membership in the proven association of the free peoples of the world."

"Any limitations that exist in the commonwealth are by common consent. All nations will have to agree to forego certain things to have a powerful machinery for peace. We are happy India will be with us in this task. She is on the march and the Canadian people will follow her struggles with sympathy," he stated.

CANADA'S WHEAT SURPLUS.

Asked whether Canada had enough wheat produce to spare for a needy world, Mr. Kearney said that his country had "a lot" of it for export as the people consumed very little of wheat. But Canada had put all her surplus wheat into a pool and it was for a national body to decide the allocations.

Canada, he pointed out, was anxious to build up her trade with India. She was in the market for many things and needed from this country, jute and groundnuts in the main. Canada could export agricultural machinery, machine tools, glass and optical instruments and other consumer goods. She was now building locomotives for India. "Our manufacturers have put us in the foretront of the trading nations of the world. We are very dependent on export trade," he said. His trade expert pointed out that during the first four months of this year Canada had exported to India goods worth six million dollars.

Mr. Kearney will be in the city till Friday when he leaves for New Delhi. He said, almost with a twang of regret in his voice, that he had not brought his Irish wife with him. "She will join me in October. Perhaps, by that time I would have secured accommodation in Delhi!"

KEARNEY'S ANTECEDENTS

Mr. Kearney was born in Montreal, Quebec, on February 28, 1893. Educated in Montreal.

In August 1941, Mr. Kearney joined Canada's diplomatic service as Canadian High Commissioner in Ireland. He held this position until he was appointed Canadian Minister to Notway on October 12, 1945. In January 1946, he was also accredited Minister for Canada to Denmark. On December 23, 1946, he was appointed High Commissioner for Canada to India, the first incumbent of this new position.

He was a member of the Canadian delegation to the Plenary Session of the Food and Agriculture Organization Conference held in Copenhagen in September, 1946.

He was married in 1921 to Winnifred E. Greenish of Cork, Ireland.

2 Bombs Explode In Lahore

LAHORE, June 18 (API).—Two country-made bombs were thrown in the vegetable market of Baghbanpura this morning. One person was slightly injured by the flying splinters.

The Special Police Staff and Sheikh Ghulam Ahmed Cantonment Magistrate immediately reached the spot and threw a cordon round the locality. Two persons who were seen escaping were pursued by the police and taken into custody. Five live bombs wrapped in a cotton bag were also taken possession of by the Police.

A country-made bomb was thrown at a place of worship last night in Dunger Mohalla in Lahore Cantonment. The missile missed the aim, fell in a pool of water and did not explode.

An attempt was made to set fire to a place of worship inside Sheranwala Gate. The fire was quickly put out.

The Punjab Government have extended for a further period of fifteen days the pre-censorship on reports and photographs bearing on communal disorders in the Punjab and cases of whatever nature arising out such disorders or relating to any action taken by the Government in pursuance of this order.

TWO INCIDENTS IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 18 (API).—Reports of two incidents were received today from Hare Street and Amherst Street Police Stations, says a Press Note issued by the Bengal Government tonight.

The Press Note adds: One person was fatally assaulted in Hare Street area. In Amherst Street area some miscreants fired at a milk lorry causing no casualty. The police are making intensive enquiries in this connection.

Howrah continued quiet.

The trial commenced today at the Calcutta High Court Sessions before Mr. Justice Roxburgh and a Special Jury consisting of eight Europeans and a Parsi, of the two armed policemen—Mohammad Ali and Ghulam Hossain—in connection with the alleged incidents at No. 100, Harison Road, Calcutta on the night of April 14 last.

The first accused was charged with committing rape and outraging the modesty of a woman, and the second accused, with aiding and abetting him in the commission of the offences.

After the examination of a few witnesses, the jurors, accompanied by the counsel, went to inspect the place of occurrence, when the hearing was adjourned.

GHAZNAFAR ALI'S APPEAL

NEW DELHI, June 18 (API).—Mr. Ghaznafar Ali Khan, Health Member, in a statement issued today appeals to the Governor of the Punjab to take necessary action immediately "to save the victims of communal frenzy in Gurgaon District from starvation, diseases and avoidable suffering."

BOMBAY ORDER EXTENDED

BOMBAY, June 18 (API).—The order prohibiting the import of knives and other sharp-edged instruments within the municipal limits of Broach Palej, Hansot, Jampusar and Ankleshwar in the Broach District has been extended for a further period of two months from June 21.

BERLIN, June 18 (Reuter). Food imports into the Anglo-American Zone of Germany reached a new record in the first two weeks of June with the arrival in Bremen, Hamburg and Emden of 36 ships, carrying 240,000 tons from America, it was officially stated.

MINORITIES IN PAKISTAN

They Must Be Treated Justly And Generously, Says Jinnah

LUCKNOW, June 18. (O.P.): "Minorities have to be treated not only justly but generously in Pakistan. The same should be expected of the Congress Ministries".

This remark was made by the Muslim League President, Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah while he discussed the recent measures of the Sind Government regarding fixation of share of Hindu in services, according to their population ration in the Province with the Sind Muslim League delegation and the All-India Muslim League Council meeting held at Delhi.

A U.P delegate to the Council returning from Delhi said that Mr. Jinnah strongly criticised the Sind Government's move in this direction as such policy is a great loss to Muslims of Hindu majority provinces.

The same delegate said that the League President had asked the Sind Ministry to revise its attitude in this connection and correct the wrong done to Muslim indirectly.

Mr. Jinnah, it is further learnt, from one source maintained that the achievement of Pakistan and all that the League had accomplished so far as due to the farsightedness of Muslims of Hindu majority areas who actually worked as pioneers of the new Muslim League that came into existence in 1936.

The interest of Muslim of these provinces could not be jeopardised, he held.

PRESEDENT NICOLA OF ITALY WISHES TO RESIGN

ROME, June 17, (Reuter): President de Nicola today threw the Italian Political situation into turmoil by announcing that he will resign. Pressure is being brought on the President to remain in office. One reason for this is the absence of any legal or parliamentary machinery for the appointment of a second provisional President.

President de Nicola is understood to be suffering from nervous fatigue and wishes to rest.

Rameswaram Temple To Be Opened For Harijans

MADRAS, June 18 (A.P.I.): The historic Rameswaram temple of Lord Shiva which ranks with Benares in the matter of pilgrimage for Hindus all over India will be thrown open to the Harijans on June 29, according to information received here.

Mr J. Shivashanmugham Pillai, Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly will lead the first batch of Harijans for worship at the shrine.

This famous temple dedicated to Lord Shiva was built by the Sethupathis of Ramanad, and is situated 9½ miles south-east of Madura between the gulf of Mannar and Palk strait. The presiding deity of the temple was installed, it is believed, by Sri Rama, the hero of the great Sanskrit epic "The Ramayana" and the seventh incarnation of Lord Vishnu.

CHICAGO WHEAT ACTIVE AND FIRM

CHICAGO, June 17 (UPA). Active trading and firm prices featured today's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange. Influencing the market was technical replacement buying and short covering following the announcement that the new Government loan rate will be 31 cents higher than that last year at dol. 2.05 per bushel on Chicago basis for No. 1 hard wheat.

LONDON, June 18. (U.P.A.): The Board of Trade announced today that a delegation headed by Secretary for Overseas Trade Harold Wilson will fly to Moscow on June 20 "to continue the Anglo-Russian trade discussions".

D. F. Karaka

Off My Chest

The attention of every informed Indian must necessarily turn to the future of the Indian Army. In view of the intended split, to which both Congress and the League are said to have agreed, there is a great deal of uncertainty felt by our officers and soldiers.

The split, I understand, will be on a territorial basis, although it is certain that individuals who feel they are in the wrong zone will have an option for a transfer to a unit in the area for which they have a preference.

The main political parties in India are anxious to see the division of personnel carried out in as smooth a manner as possible. They both value the services highly and would not like to see them suffer on account of the political situation.

The pace of nationalisation has been arrested temporarily only because of the division. The feeling is that nationalisation and division cannot be carried out at the same time.

As from August 15 or thereabouts the two Dominion Governments, viz., of India and Pakistan will be sovereign.

The Army of India will take its oath of allegiance to the Dominion of India.

It is felt that the best thing to do to the British officers in the Indian Army is to get them to revert to the British Army and then seconded to the Indian Army. So the question of a change of the oath of allegiance would, therefore, not apply to them. Nor would there be any objection to their serving in the army of a Dominion. If India were to become an independent Power outside the Commonwealth, British officers would be debarred from serving in it by law as a British soldier cannot serve in a "foreign" country.

There will be a small group of high-powered British officers and technicians who will be kept in India at the request of the Indian Government to advise the Indian Army on matters on which advice is necessary.

There will be no turning back on the policy of nationalisation. The Indian Army will be of India and for India.

The strangest thing I heard is that while at higher levels the Indian officer class has been affected by communal feeling, the rank and file (judging from reports received) are tending to get closer together. For instance it is said that 90 per cent have voted for a common mess. It is gratifying to see the Indian soldier united in these days of high-pitched communalism.

MYSORE DECISION DOES NOT AFFECT TRAVANCORE

TRIVANDRUM, June 17 (A.P.I.): Interviewed regarding the decision of Mysore to enter the Constituent Assembly in answer to question whether the step taken by Mysore will have any repercussions in Travancore, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, Dewan of Travancore, stated "I feel sure His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore has had his own special reasons for joining the Constituent Assembly as far as Travancore is concerned. As I have already stated in several conferences and communications to the Press the position of Travancore is "sui generis" and the policy of Travancore to assume and maintain independent status will not be affected by the action now taken by Mysore State."

MYSORE DELEGATION TO CONSEMBLY

BANGALORE, June 17 (A.P.I.): The Mysore Delegation to the Constituent Assembly would consist of the Dewan and six others of whom three will be elected. The formation of the Delegation would be taken up immediately in time for them to participate in the July session of the Constituent Assembly.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, June 17.

Silver Opening 173/12 Now 176/8 Highest 176/14 Lowest 173/4 Gold 114/8 steady on Bombay advices and speculative support Bardana Asar 77/8 Asoj 82 Highest 83/4 Lowest 81/4 steady on foreign export prospects Wheat 18 Gram 13/8 Barley 10 Peas 11/13 Arhar 11/11 Bejhar 10/11 Guwar 11 Sarson 23/4 Yellow 24/12 Urd 19/8 Moong 16 Masoor 13/12.

NEW YORK SEED PRICES

NEW YORK, June 17. (U.P.A.): The following were prices of seeds on the New York market to-day:—

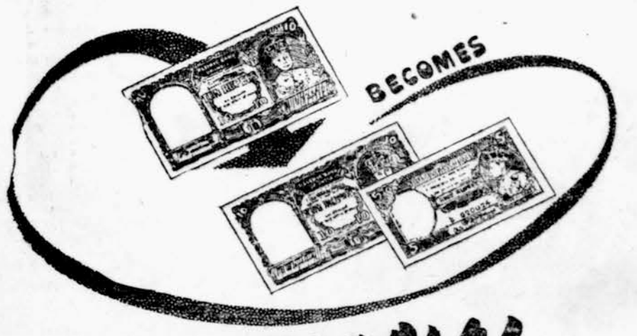
Black pepper 30 1/4 nom.
Flaxseed dol. 6.00.
Linseed oil 35.9 to 35.2.
Other seeds Unchanged.

In the futures market dullness prevailed, paralleling the situation in the spot market. The situation in actuals was described as a stalemate with grinders not interested in new purchases while sellers held off because of higher replacement costs in the primary markets. Lampong black was quoted at 30 1/4 nom and white muntok at 44 1/2 asked.

Closing prices included: July, 30 nom; September, 28 nom; October, 24 bid; December/January/March, 26 nom. May, 25 nom.

R

For Profiteering in and for non-display of price-list of 'Utility' Pencils, ALIAKABAR HAJI ABDUL has been convicted and fined Rs. 750/-, or, sentenced to undergo, in default, four months' rigorous imprisonment. BENTSEY GEORGE Rs. 50/- or two weeks' rigorous imprisonment in default and HASANALLI KASAMJI Rs 200/- or one month's rigorous imprisonment in default.



NATIONAL SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

They are absolutely safe, both interest and capital are guaranteed by Government. Their value increases by 50% in 12 years. Every Re. 1/- thus becomes Rs. 1/8/-, the highest interest on any Government Security. No Income Tax is payable on interest earned. Small Savers can buy Savings Stamps for Re. 1/-, As. 8/- or As. 4/-. *Both Certificates and Stamps are obtainable from Post Offices, Authorised Agents or Savings Bureaux.*

TO-DAY'S MOST POPULAR INVESTMENT

AC 241

C. I. D. Officer Narrates Police Action After Outrage

Khan Saheb Umar Khan Gives Evidence In Kalbadevi Shooting Case

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The reactions of the City Police to the shooting that took place at Kalbadevi in September last and the subsequent inquiries undertaken by the C.I.D. officers under the instructions of Mr. J. C. Wilson, the then Commissioner of Police, were described vividly by Khan Saheb Umar Khan, C.I.D. Inspector, giving evidence in the Kalbadevi shooting case to-day.

Khan Saheb Umar Khan stated that on the day of the Kalbadevi outrage he was in the Police Commissioner's Office along with some other officers. At about 11 a.m. information was received that a green-coloured car bearing the number B.M.T. 882 was seen proceeding along the Kalbadevi Road, with one of its occupants firing at pedestrians and shopkeepers as a result of which some persons were killed and some were injured.

On receipt of this information, said the Khan Saheb, the Commissioner gave him a chit bearing the name of the taxi-driver and asked him to institute immediate inquiries. He motored to the Victoria Garden taxi stand where on inquiry he learnt that the taxi-driver had taken the car out that morning and had not yet returned. Returning to the Commissioner's office he was told that the driver had already reported to the Lamington Road Police Station. Just then the driver himself was ushered into the Commissioner's room by some of the officers. The Commissioner heard him patiently and directed the Khan Saheb to carry on further inquiries by visiting the place from where the accused were alleged to have taken a trunk.

The witness and some officers then started with the driver who took them to the Mussa Killedar Street. The whole locality was besieged by the Police and the Military. A "hut-to-hut search" of the Pathra Chawl was then carried out by the Police but nobody was identified by the driver as the person who had fired from the taxi. The driver was then sent to the Agripada Police Station to have his statement recorded.

Back to the Commissioner's office, the officers learnt that a taxi was found abandoned at the Jail Road by Deputy Inspector Scott.

Next day the witness was again called by the Commissioner and shown some empty shells and bullets which were picked up from the Kalbadevi Road.

Witness further revealed that three days prior to the Kalbadevi incidents a communication was received by the C.I.D. from the Calcutta police apprising them of the fact that two I.O.R.s (Indian Other Rank) were found absconding from Tolligunj Camp since the night of September 8, and some arms and ammunition were also stolen from the armoury. This information was conveyed to the whole Police force throughout the city. Subsequently a bust size photo of the first accused was also received from Calcutta.

A search for the accused was then started. On October 10 last witness went to Calcutta where he visited Tolligunj Camp and recorded certain statements. He also secured and checked up the service books of the deserters. He then proceeded to Naihati Railway Station, the place where the truck was found abandoned by the absconders. After making some inquiries he returned to Bombay via Jubulpore where he halted to get some further information.

Arriving in Bombay on October 24 witness started with Sub-inspector Hansraj for Lahore in search of some clue which might lead to the arrest of any of the two accused. From Lahore he went to Peshawar and Kohat and again returned to Lahore. While there he was directed by the C.I.D. to go to Jullundur. Here the officers made some secret inquiries as a result of which they were able to secure from the mother of the first accused an envelop bearing the postal mark of Calcutta and addressed to the first accused.

With ground thus prepared for the arrest of the first accused the officers went to Calcutta, and there after four or five days managed to trace the maternal uncle of the first accused, and with the help of the information given by this man the first accused was detected and arrested on the morning of November 9. He was was brought to Bombay and kept in one of the cells of the C.I.D. lock-up.

Sub-Inspector Umai Khan then described the elaborate process of the identification parade at the C.I.D. office in the course of which one of the witnesses had identified the first accused.

In reply to a question he stated that it was not possible for any of the witnesses to see the arrangements of the parade.

In the course of his cross-examination the witness stated that Abdul Rashid a witness in the case was put under arrest, and was remanded on November 22 last. The disturbances in the city, said the witness, had caused bitter feelings between the two major communities, and the Kalbadevi shooting incident had created a great sensation everywhere. The police were anxious to get hold of the culprits and a reward of Rs. 5,000 was offered by the Commissioner of Police to any person who could give information to the police leading to the arrest of the absconders.

Witness in answer to a further question pointed out that before September 11 the Bombay police had no information regarding the absconders from Calcutta.

The cross-examination was not completed when the court rose for the day.

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CITY PARCELS CLERK ARRESTED

Charge Of Accepting Illegal Gratification

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Ghanashyam Bapu Gokhale, an Assistant Parcels Clerk, Byculla Railway Station, was arrested by the Anti Corruption Branch yesterday, on a charge of accepting illegal gratification.

It is stated that certain Parcel Booking clerks in the Byculla Railway Station extorted off and on "baksheesh" from a Carting Agent to book parcels. Getting fed up with these pests, the Carting Agent contacted the Anti-Corruption Branch. Under the direction of Mr. V B Murrai a trap was laid to bring to book the offenders. The Carting Agent was commissioned to approach Byculla Parcel clerks with marked notes in the company of a 'panch'. The Assistant Parcels Clerk, Gokhale at first declined to book the parcel on the usual ground that the "quota was exhausted". He however changed his mind, when the Carting Agent offered to pay him a "baksheesh" of Rs. 5. He immediately accepted 5 parcels and also gave an endorsement to book 20 parcels for the next day. No sooner the deal was finalised, the Carting Agent gave a prearranged signal and the Anti-Corruption Branch Officers swooped into Parcel Office and apprehended the Parcels clerk. The marked five-rupee note was discovered inside the clerk's desk.

Suit To Wind Up Byculla Club

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice Coyajee)

(1) R. C. Giles, (2) C. N. Caroe on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Byculla Club other than the defendants .. Plaintiffs

vs.

(1) J. M. Gibbons, (2) A. L. Hutson on behalf of themselves and all other members opposing the winding-up .. Defendants.

The plaintiffs who are permanent members and trustees of the Byculla Club in Bombay had filed this suit for an order that the Club be wound up and Liquidators appointed with directions to receive the properties pay off all liabilities and to distribute the surplus among the permanent members of the Club.

The Club was constituted as a Members' Club in the year 1833 under certain rules which, however, contained no provision for winding up the Club. It was not registered under the Companies Act.

On 9th September 1946 the Trustees of the Club sold its premises for Rs. 44,55,000 but the Club continues to occupy a part of these premises under a licence which expires on 31st August 1947. At a general meeting of the members of the Club a motion that the Club should continue was lost by 36 votes to 23 and a motion that steps be taken to wind up the Club was passed by 42 votes to 17. The plaintiffs stated that under the present political situation it was highly unlikely that the Club could be carried on successfully in the future.

The defendants who opposed the suit contended that it had not been definitely shown that the Club could not continue to function and no serious attempt had been made to look for alternative sites.

After recording evidence of C. N Caroe, the second plaintiff, His Lordship adjourned the suit to Tuesday 24th June 1947 for hearing arguments and appointed Mr. R. M. Hathi, Advocate (O.S.) to argue on behalf of the defendants, 'amicus curiae.'

Mr. Y. B. Rege instructed by Messrs. Cragie Blunt & Caroe appeared for the plaintiffs.

The first defendant appeared in person. The second defendant did not appear.

POLICE OFFICER JAILED FOR BRIBERY

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Sub-Inspector Jocelyn Earnest Orly, of D'Lisle Road Police Station was sentenced to six months' R.I. and fined Rs. 300 in default further three months' R.I. by Mr. T. S. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court on Monday, when he was found guilty of accepting illegal gratification from one Chabildas Vithaldas.

On August 24th the accused had arrested Chabildas, owner of a grocery shop, who had been charged under the Hoarding and Profiteering Ordnance for selling American nibs at black market rates. The shop-keeper was taken to the police station, from where he had managed to free himself on bail after paying a bribe of Rs. 50 to the Sub-Inspector. When Chabildas had presented himself at the police station for further investigations, the accused had suggested that the case against him could be considerably weakened if Chabildas engaged a lawyer of the Sub-Inspector's choice, and paid him some more money for the favour.

Chabildas contacted the Anti-Corruption Branch and in the trap which was subsequently laid the accused was caught in his police station, and the second instalment of the bribe, consisting of marked notes was recovered from his trouser pocket.

DRUNKEN MEN RAID HOTEL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Seven drunken men last night are alleged to have assaulted with sticks and lahis to ani Irani hotel at Chira Bazaar, smashed the furniture and mirrors and carried away cash and property collectively valued at Rs. 30 000, Police stated at the Esplanade Court today, producing them before the Presidency Magistrate.

The first accused, Bhikaji Fakiria, it is reported, is a sub-tenant of the Shop Manager and was not on good terms with him.

"The whole thing was pre-arranged" said the police. They alleged that Bhikaji entered the hotel to have a drink, while the other six waited outside. He asked for a glass of soda, and when the waiter delayed serving it, he started abusing the hotel manager. He then called his companions and all together are alleged to have assaulted the manager and other employees with sticks and lathis.

The accused were ordered by the Magistrate to be remanded into custody.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF SELLING USED RLY. TICKETS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Bhagwat Singh Mannusingh was arrested by the Police yesterday at the Byculla Railway Station, on a charge of selling used railway tickets for suburban stations on the G. I. P Railway.

The Police searched him and found several used tickets inside his pockets.

He was produced today before Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, when he was ordered to be released on bail.

GRAIN SHOP STORE-KEEPER ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Ahmed Abdul Ghani, who was a store-keeper in the Government Grain Shop No. 41, at Kazi Street, during the year 1946, was arrested by the Police yesterday for alleged contravention of Rationing Orders.

Mr G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, today released the accused on bail.

DACOITS RAID TEMPLE.

Boy Murdered Pujari Severely Belaboured

POONA, June 17 (A.P.I.): Four men, armed with crowbars and lathis, forced their way into the Khandobadardara Hill temple near Talegaon Dabhade about 25 miles from Poona on Sunday night murdered a sixteen-year-old boy serving there, severely belaboured the pujari of the temple and decamped with clothes and utensils, according to news received here.

The pujari is stated to be in a precarious condition in a hospital in Poona.

The pujari and two others, it is reported were asleep when they were awakened by the four armed men, who demanded from the pujari all the cash and jewellery in the temple. The young boy was severely beaten with the result that he died on the spot.

The pujari was deprived of all his cash which amounted to annas ten and the dacoits decamped with whatever goods they could lay hands on. They did not succeed in taking away the jewellery.

Bombay Sanitary Association

In the report on the working of the Bombay Sanitary Association for the year 1946, attention has been focussed on lack of funds which hindered the progress of the Association. The membership of the Association was extremely poor and it was possible to secure only three additional members during the year. The total income of the Association during the year amounted to Rs. 8,292-5-8. Attempts are being made to interest the Bombay Branch of the Indian Medical Association to give its aid and co-operation in carrying out the aims and objects of the Association. The number of inspections of chawls were only 310, as the Health Visitor was mostly ill. Owing to his illness for the first six months he was unable to give lectures with the aid of magic lantern slides on the prevention of infectious diseases which was one of his chief duties. From September to December 1946 magic lantern lectures had to be abandoned due to disturbances in the city. Efforts are being made to interest the Government and the public for the furthering the activities of the Association.

TRAM DRIVER FINED RS. 50 FOR ASSAULT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

For assaulting a passenger Mr Vyas Presidency Magistrate Girgaum Police Court sentenced Lavoo Amball, a tram driver of the B.E.S.T. Co. to pay a fine of Rs 50 or in default to undergo 2 days' R.I.

BOMBAY'S NEW TEXTILE MILLS WILL BE IN MOFUSSIL

POONA, June 17 (A.P.I.): Mr G. D. Tapase, Industries Minister, Bombay Government said here that while Government hoped to enunciate the broad outlines of their industrial policy shortly in the light of the recommendations of the Provincial Industries Committee he could straightway make it clear that it stood for as much decentralisation of industry as possible, and that from such a standpoint it would be their concern to make available facilities such as hand water and power to mofussil centres where individual industrialists intended to establish industries.

Mr. Tapase was replying to a memorandum presented to him by the Maharatta Chamber of Commerce and Industries, Poona, at a prize distribution ceremony. These parikh prizes are annually awarded by the chamber to nascent industrial concerns in Maharashtra, introducing new industrial products.

Mr. Tapase disclosed that Government would shortly appoint an Additional Deputy Director of Industries specifically to look after development problems. He will keep in constant touch with requirements of particular localities and their possibilities of industrial development. He also hinted that the Government of India on the recommendation of the provincial Government was likely to divert 40,000 spindles, a part of the quota allotted to this province, for the establishment of new textile mills in the mofussil.

SHANGHAI, June 17 (Reuter): Thousands of Chinese men, women and children today watched two Japanese police chiefs being paraded through Shanghai's streets before being executed by a firing squad.

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9K/29

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Renewed Selling In Tata Steel Shares

BULLION MARKET FIRM ON ACTIVE BUYING

Cotton Prices Decline On Long Liquidation

Bombay, June 18

There was active liquidation to-day on the Bombay Stock Exchange in Steel shares during the early part of the session. It appears that a group of operator remain sellers at about yesterday's high level. The market remains sensitive and all become buyers on a rising market and sellers on a declining market in Steel shares. Thus small operators often find themselves puzzled. Cotton Mill shares remain steady with restricted business.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened today at Rs. 2025 and declined at Rs. 1990 under moderate liquidation but rallied at Rs. 2002/8 on renewed support. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 395 and declined at Rs. 392. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1017 and improved at Rs. 1025. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 634 and Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 365.

Later on there was renewed selling and Tata Steel Defd shares declined at Rs. 1975 while Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 390. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs 1020. Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 640 while Simplex shares remained at Rs. 363. Central Bank shares were placed at Rs. 98/2 and Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 32/4. The market was barely steady with Steel shares showing moderate losses.

The market was mainly influenced by persistent talks about Jamshedpur Labour situation and in the evening Tata Steel Dfds were quoted at Rs. 1960. Except Steel shares the tone of the market was good.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1117/8 Kohinoor 641 Swadeshi 655 Nagpur 317 Simplex 356 New Great 386 Gokak 332 Indore 668/12 Century 985 Colaba 230 I Bleaching 153 Swan 357 Finlay 316 Morarji 697/8 Edward 660 Meyer 226/4 Apollo 4/8 I U Ord 16/9 I U Dfd 3/2 Madhusudan 305 Poddar 350 Khatau 228/12

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 390 Tata Steel Dfd 1975 Second Pref 167

CEMENT

Associated Merger 173/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 480 Bellapur 273 Shivraj-

	Range Rs.	Diff. Rs.
Tata Steel Dfd	60	—67 8
Tata Steel Ord	7 8	— 9 8
Dyeing	20	—20
Kohinoor	20	— 2
Swadeshi	12	— 6
Nagpur	8	— 1
Simplex	9	—10
New Great	10	+ 3
Gokak	17	+ 5
Indore	5	— 7

pur 39 Scindia 31 14 Construction 209 Tata Chemical 15 Tata Oil 75 Indian Iron 34/12 Bengal Steel 28 6

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 115 Tata Hydro 174 Andhra 1562/8 Tata Power 1690

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 91 Phoenix 1177/8 India Manufacturing 3700 Koorla 290 Dawn 1602/8 David 147/8 New City 230 Minerva 205 Bradbury 630 Bharucha (Defd) 8 Bharat 53/8 Mysore 300 Madhavji 17 Model 192/8 Laxmi 1605 Vishnu 620 Western 3600 Standard 562 8 Sholapur 6185 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 3600 Tata 79 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 80 New Union 17/4 Madhusudan B 90 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 69

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 160 (New) 108/12 Surat 243/12 New Pref 140 Karachi 132/8 Brosch 12/1 Almer 13/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Jaigaon 14/12 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 198/12 Bombay Suburban 202/8 Bombay Suburban (New) 164/10

BANK SHARES

Reserve 120 Imperial 2240 P P. 558/12 Central X R 98 Coupon 23 India 238 Union 11 Baroda 169 Habib 159 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 79 Jaipur 62 Hindustan Com. 47 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ord.) 53 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental X D 5600 Empire 865 New India 83 Jupiter 34 Vulcan 16 Indian Mercantile 57/8 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22 British India General 22 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS

O. P. 110 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X D 575 Steamer 537/8 Burma New 170 Burma Petrol 4/3/3 Mackenzie 185 Port Canning 76 Kemp 475 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 104/8 Wimco X R 282/8 Dharamsely Chemical 36 Mukund Iron 11/4 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 65 A C C New 56 Bombay Safe Deposit 825

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref) 208/12 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1375 Tata Power 1415 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 515 Nagpur 685 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 805 Laxmi 302/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 550 Surat Elec 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 123 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/6/9 B I O 10/3 Burma Corporation 4/10 New Victoria 5 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 31 Phalton 110 Gold Mohur 370 Kaiser-i-Hind 400 Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 280 Adamshahi 250 Air Services 15 Air India 180 Birla Motor 8/4 Marshal 8

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MAHATMA, SHRI JANKI
SEWA ASRAM,
P. O. Chitrakot, U. P.

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BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 18

The local market opened quiet and improved moderately on short covering as a result of overnight decline in quotations.

Yesterday after the close there was active liquidation and September lost Rs. 4 at Rs. 444.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 444/8 for September delivery and declined at Rs. 444. There were rumours of a ban on export of cotton from Punjab and with short covering September improved at Rs. 445/8 and steadied at Rs. 445. July was quoted at Rs. 434/8.

The market advanced at Rs. 446/2 for September and finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. July ..... Rs. 433 12 0
I.C.C. September 444 12 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1428 cent points below New York September at Exchange rate 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.
BOMBAY, June 17

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing
July	436-3/4	435-1/4	436
Sept	448	446-1/4	447
Karachi 4F July	48-8-6	47-14-0	47-15-0

LONDON BULLION.
London, June 17

Silver Spot 43d., Silver Forward 43d. Gold £8/12/3.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

Bombay, June 18.

MILLS

Apollo 4/7 4/6/6 4/8
B. Dyeing 1115 27/8 10 35 22 8 35 17 8
C. India 317 15 23 17
C. India Pref 685
Colaba 230 32/8 30
E. Textiles 660
Elphinstone Ord. 91
Finlay 316 13 19 16
Gokak 327 25 27 25 42 32
I. U. Defd 3 1/6 3/2 3 1/6 3/2
I .U. Ord 16 7 16/14 16/9
Indore 570 65 70 68 12
Khatau 307/8 6/4
Kohinoor 638 35 40 31 32 30 34 33 50 41
Laxmi 1605 10 5
Meyer 226/4 25 27/8 25 30 28/12
Model 193/12 92/8
Morarji 595 600 597/8
New Great 378 82 76 81 80 86 86
Podar 340 50
Simplex 364 62 63 57 65 56
Swadeshi 657 49 58 56 63 55
Swan 357 55 57 8
Tata Mills 79 8 79
Vishnu 615 20

BANKS

Central 98/8 96 8 98
Habib 159
Imperial Old 2250 40
India 237 38 36 39 38
Reserve 120
Union 11
U. Commercial 78 77 79

ELECTRIC

B. Tram Ord. 114 16 14 8 15/8 15
Hydro 174
Power 1695 90

INSURANCE

B. I. General 22
New India 83/8 83
Oriental 5580 5600
Scindia Steam 32/4 32/6 31/14 32/8 32 32/7 31/15

STEEL

B. Steel 28/12 29 28/6 28/14 28/13 28/14 28/6
I. Iron 35/8 35 35/4 35/1 35/3 34/12
Tata Defd. 2030 10 35 25 32/8 2000 12/8 7/8 25 1995 2010 5 22/8 1990 2020 1975 80 75
Tata Ord. 396 97/8 96 95/8 93 95 93 95/8 90 91 90
Tata 1st Pref. 209/6 8/12
Tata 2nd Pref. 168/67

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 577/8 75
A. C. C. New 57 56 56/8 56
Belapur 278 72 75 73
B. B. Old 480 76/4 80 77/8 80
B. B. New 165 70
B. P. Petrol 4/5 4/3/3
P. Construction 210 9 10 8 9
Tata Chemical 14/4 14/8 14/4 15
Tata Oil 75/8 75 76 75
Wimco 285 82/8 83/12 82/8
Central Bank New 98/8 100/8 99 100
Central Bank Coupon 22/8 22
Kohinoor Coupon 69 68 69
Poona Electric 195 98/12

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, June 18

As anticipated Gold prices reached new high levels under active buying. It is a known fact that the Government has stopped all imports and the supplies being limited naturally quotations are slowly moving up.

Ready Silver opened to-day at Rs. 177/8 and advanced at Rs. 178 on active buying and steadied at Rs. 177/8. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/12. Ashad delivery opened at Rs. 114/14 and advanced at Rs. 115/6 on short covering and moderate buying. Later Ashad Gold steadied at Rs. 115/2. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 73/8.

Thereafter the market was steady with moderate business passing. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 177/12 and Ashad Gold business was reported at Rs. 115/4.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 18.

The produce market was quiet on scattered realising. Castorseeds September opened at Rs. 142/4 and declined at Rs. 140/12 on general liquidation and later steadied at Rs 141/8. Goa san. Navlakhi delivery stood at Rs. 29/8 and Cawnpore Bold at Rs. 28/4. Castorseeds Oil first pressing Rs. 21 and Commercial quality was quoted at Rs. 18/4 Linseed July-August was done at Rs. 27/14 while September was quoted at Rs 28/2. Groundnuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs 32/8 and Coromandal as well as Bold were placed at Rs. 131/8. Ready in Bazar terms were quoted at Rs. 184. Groundnut Oil Bombay Mills was steady at Rs. 19/6 July delivery was quoted at Rs 19/2 and August delivery at Rs. 19/6.

The market finally closed at Rs. 142/5 for September Castorseeds while July August Linseed was placed at Rs. 28/2.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 18.

Tata Ordinary 390 Tata Deferred 1975 Indian Iron 34/12 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 28/6 Bombay Dyeing 1117/8 Central India 316/14 Gokak 331/14 Kohincor 641/4 Simplex 356 Swadeshi 655 Tata Power 1690 Associated Cement 173/8 Belapur 273/2 Bombay Burma (Old) 480 Scindia 31/15 Central Bank 98/2 New India 83/2 Tata 2nd Pref. 166/14

CUTCH HUNDI

BHUJ, June 18.

Hundi 294 to 295 Silver 144 Gold 106.

WALL STREET BARELY STEADY

NEW YORK, June 17.

Stocks operators were rather cautious this morning while awaiting Congressional Action after President Truman's tax bill veto and were estimating the effects of the maritime strike. Early quiet indecision was followed by heavier tendencies which brought on balance losses of fractions to one point. Leading steels, motors rails, chemicals, weststock, oils, food and farm implements displayed the best resistance. The averages were industrial 175.56 and rails 45.26. The quich decision by the house to uphold President Truman's veto of the tax bill was received with scant attention and the market continued to show irregularly lower tendencies from fractions to one point or so in quiet trading. The action on the labour bill is now awaited. Some observers say that it is likely the so called Marshall doctrine of integrated economic aid to Europe will soon receive increasing attention from the financial community. There was no material change in position during late dealings and all three averages closed a little lower. The market closed barely steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	
American Telephone and Telegraph	156-1/4
American Holding Co.	27-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	34-1/8
Chase National Bank	35-1/4
Sinclair Oil	45-1/4
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	45
General Electric Co.	36
General Motors	57-5/8
Ingersol Rand	108-1/2 bid
International Nickel	30-1/2
National City Bank of New York	39
New York Central Rail Road Co.	13-5/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16
Texas Corporation	63-3/4
Union Carbon & Carbide	103-1/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	48-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	67
Western Union Telegraph	26-1/4

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, June 18.

Coiryarn Beypore 190/200 Quilandy 205/215 Fibre Garbled 165 Ungarbled 160 Cocoannuts Raw 110 Dry 140 Cocoanutoil 490 Copra Office 320 Dilpasand 345 Madrasnottam 375 Pepper Wynaad 550 Country 540 Dryginger Chernad 250 Erinad 240 Coffee Robusta 90 Timber Pali 55 Junglewood 29/13 Vellapine 40/45 Benteak 50/55 Teak 95/100 Mango Planws 3/8 Teak 15/17/8 Rosewood 15/17/8

NEW YORK SILVER DOWN 1 3/8 CENTS.

NEW YORK, June 17. (U.P.A.): The price of silver declined 1 3/8 cents to 68 3/8 cents per ounce on the New York market to-day as the seasonal lag in demand brought a lull to the market. Even at the lowered price, only 200.000 ounces were sold and dealers foresaw dull prospects at least until the vacation is over.

No foreign offers were reported to have been made on the New York market to-day.

Meanwhile, reliable quarters said that yesterday's sale of 200,000 ounces was made to London dealers who were said to have been holding off awaiting a price break.

To-day's cut in the silver price brought it to the lowest level since September 21st, 1945, when silver was quoted at 40 3/4 cents per ounce and then jumped on the following day to 70 5/8 cents per ounce.

LONDON SILVER.

LONDON, June 17. (U.P.A.): Extremely idle conditions prevailed during to-day's session of the London silver market. The price of silver remained unchanged at 43 pence per ounce for both spot and two months forward.

Meanwhile, a "Financial Times" dispatch from New York reported that easier prices are anticipated in the near future.

LOWER ONTARIO GOLD PRODUCTION.

MONTREAL, Ont., June 17. (U. P. A.): The Department of Mines to-day reported that gold production in Ontario in the month of April was under the level of that for March but ahead of that in April last year.

The Department said that gold mines produced 164.398 ounces of gold and 21,290 ounces of silver in April with the output valued at dol. 5,767,178 against dol. 5,999,692 in March and dol. 5,449,639 in April 1946.

The Department further said the average grade of ore in April was dol. 8.64.

OPEN MARKET PRICE FOR GOLD IS ABOVE DOL. 35

TORONTO, June 17 (UPA). Balmer Neilly, President of the McIntyre Porcupine Mines, today said that the open market price for gold is substantially above dollar 35 per ounce and that the open market price indicates a trend which cannot be long ignored. He declared, "Today's official price of gold represents the judgment of a few men while higher prices prevailing abroad mirror a price that men are willing to pay."

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, June 17

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 68-3/8 cents.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, June 17

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 June-July quoted.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 13th day of June.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	29,68,30,000
Notes in circulation	1233,97,72,000
Total Notes issued	1263,66,02,000
Total Liabilities	1263,66,02,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin	26,07,54,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,14,000
Total Assets	1263,66,02,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.359 per cent.	

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	393,78,38,000
(2) Other Government Accounts	10,97,66,000
(b) Banks	103,00,95,000
(c) Others	25,11,90,000
Bills Payable	3,61,64,000
Other Liabilities	17,07,69,000
Rupees	563,58,22,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	29,68,30,000
Rupee Coin	9,05,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,56,000
Government Treasury Bills	1,01,19,000
Balances held abroad	454,13,15,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	2,84,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	10,25,000
Investments	70,23,13,000
Other Assets	5,47,50,000
Rupees	563,58,22,000

New York Cotton Irregular

NEW YORK, June 17. (U.P.A.): Moderately active trading and irregular prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. Prices crept up steadily after an irregular start. A leading spot firm was the accredited seller of upwards of 5,000 bales in blocks of 500 bales at each two point advance above 36.12 cents.

UNCERTAIN TREND

The session opened three lower to 20 higher. The trend was uncertain in the forenoon but after the midsession, prices edged upward to rise around the day's best levels and record a net 19 to 35 points higher. Western interests who were prominent sellers yesterday, turned to the buying side when the grain markets strengthened.

CROP NEWS

The increasingly favourable tenor of the crop news was ignored at traders were watching the July situation. With the first notice day in July only a week hence, traders were interested in the declining volume of certifications. The present deliverable stock was down to 26,846 bales compared with 48,527 bales a month ago. The outstanding interest in July still to be liquidated was relatively high at 387,000 bales.

The market opinion was divided on the prospects of a further rise in the July contract. Some quarters predict a further advance and a narrowing of the July discount under the spot price. The present discount is under 100 points compared to a discount of 233 points about two weeks ago. Other quarters asserted that were it not for the July situation, the market would have been lower on the brilliant crop prospect, but warned that weather conditions during the next six weeks will be of vital importance in determining the ultimate trend.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York.	June 17.
July	36.40+30
October	31.39+32
October highest	31.42+35
October lowest	31.02—05
December	30.17+25
January	29.72+26
March	29.48+19
May	29.01+22
Middling Spot	38.33+20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

July	36.21+30
October	31.39+34
December	30.25+29
March	29.50+21
May	28.99+19
Middling Spot	37.50+30

TRADERS TURN MORE TO SHEETINGS.

NEW YORK, June 17. (U.P.A.): During to-day's session of the Worth Street Cotton Market, traders turned more to sheetings and yarn constructions as printcloth producers approached a hold up position through the fourth quarters. The bag trade, along with garment manufacturers, converters and users of industrial fabrics, was reported to be busy checking the market on prices and deliveries on the third quarter production of drills, twills and osnaburgs.

SOCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTIONS

in the CITY of BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Are CORDIALLY invited to send their

REPRESENTATIVE

on the Organizing Committee of

THE ALL INDIA CONFERENCE OF SOCIAL WORK

(To be held in Bombay in November)

For details write to,
JOINT SECRETARY,
ALL INDIA CONFERENCE OF SOCIAL WORK
Servants' of India Society's Home,
Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, BOMBAY 4

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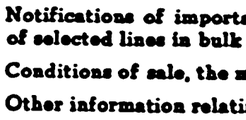

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12.30 Arr	DELHI	Dep. 06 45

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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Address (in Block letters)

Town (in Block letters)

Name of Trade Association or Chamber of Commerce

CUT HERE AC 269

Issued by the Directorate-General of Disposals, Industries and Supplies Department, New Delhi.

MUTT AND JEFF—After All, Where There's No Sense There's No Feeling. By BUD FISHER

JEFF, IS IT TRUE? ARE YOU REALLY RICH?
WELL, ER— I FEEL RICH!
WHEN DID YOU GET THIS RICH FEELING?
WHEN I WAS TWENTY I FOUND OUT THAT IF I MADE UP MY MIND TO DO SOMETHING I COULD DO IT!-
SO I MADE UP MY MIND THAT IN TEN YEARS I WAS GONNA BE RICH!
BUT YOU'RE NOT RICH!
NO---- I FOUND OUT THAT IT WAS EASIER TO CHANGE MY MIND-
?
SO I CHANGED IT TO I WAS GONNA FEEL RICH!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted a beautiful and cultured young girl from a respectable and rich Hindu family for an educated, handsome and healthy businessman of Twenty-three. Contact Box No. 6253, "Bombay Chronicle."

Highly placed Punjabee Brahmin Officer 47/48, Widower, very healthy, monthly income over Rs. 1,000/- with grown up children needing motherly protection, invites confidential correspondence from highly respectable cultured, educated Brahmin ladies below 38. View matrimony. Apply Box No. 6237, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Spinster or Widow age 20 to 25 for a Maharashtrian Brahmin widower of 32, no issues from deceased wife. In Government Service Rs. 150/- P.M. girl only preference, no sub caste restriction. Ex service girl also can correspond Apply Box No 6214, "Bombay Chronicle"

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Girl Typist with good handwriting to work on Sundays only. Salary Rs. 10 per month. Apply Post Box 3518, Girgaum, Bombay. 6250

Wanted Hindu Lady Governess Companion, State Palace, Rajputana, salary 100/150 all found. Apply Box No. 6251, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Lady Principal Girls school, near Calcutta M.A. 250/350 quarters joining. Apply Box No. 6232, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted B.A.s, B.Sc.s, B.T.s teachers for School in Bardez, Goa. Salary upto Rs. 100. Apply early to Dr. Eric D'Mello, M.D., Bombay Mutual Building, Fort, Bombay. 6261

Wanted: Fresh Graduates wishing good start in life. No guarantee of Business. Candidates willing to work as officers anywhere in India on fixed salary and permanent basis need apply to Box No. 6188 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Assistant Lecturer in German for a temporary post at Gujarat College. Pay Rs. 130-10-200, with an interim relief of Rs. 10/- and dearness allowance admissible under the rules. Qualifications:—At least a first class B.A. degree in German and preferably a first class or second class M.A. Age limit 25. Application form, etc. obtainable from the Principal, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad. Last date 25th June, 1947. A 1½ annas stamped addressed envelope to acompany inquiry. Principal, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad. 4055

Wanted efficient Lino Operators. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 200A "The Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Actors and Actresses for six Film Productions in Bombay on salaries from 500 to 3.000. For particulars contact Chitra Kala Mandir Ltd., Jaipur. 6218

Wanted Graduate and Under Graduate Teachers of either sex to work in two shifts, from 7-30 to 12-0 and from 12-15 to 5-0. Apply Principal, Premier High School, Dadar, Ranade Road extension, Dadar (B.B.). 6241

Globe Employment Bureau, Agra. Promptly arranges employments of every nature in India and abroad Apply stating qualifications 6198

PERSONAL ADLETS

The readers of this paper may kindly supply their full names and addresses to:—Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company. Post Box Number—713—Bombay 1. 6231

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Make Friends:—For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional, Social and such other connections. Particulars from:—The Universal League of Introduction, 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (6099)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Ambitious Men Are Required To train for excellent positions in all branches of Engineering, or Government Service. Must be prepared to study at home in spare time for some months. Apply at once, stating age, education, experience if any, and branch or profession preferred to B.I.E.T., Department 32, British Institute House, Bombay. (3808)

Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for June Session just commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers (C.A.I.I.B.); Company Secretaries (F.C.C.S.), Accountants (R.A., A.A.I.A.) and General Commerce (L.C.C. and D.Com. I.M.C.), etc. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 6244

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Stockists for our Pearl, Horn & Nut Buttons. Diamond Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (6225)

AGENCIES WANTED

Importers and Manufacturers wishing to appoint Agents for their products for Baroda, please contact, Jayant Bros & Co., Ghadiali Pole, Baroda. 6165

BUSINESS OFFERS

Available Ready Silk Parachutes 24 panels with cords unused. Lying in bond Bombay Harbour. Those having export licence and interested in purchasing same please write immediately to Post Box No. 1058, Bombay. (6232)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

WANTED Expert Boat Repairer to repair Fishing Launches. Apply India Fisheries Limited, 169-70, B.P.T. Buildings, Sassoon Dock, Colaba, Bombay 5. (4059)

BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE.

LAST DATE of admission to this College is extended upto 25th June, 1947. There are some seats available for Intermediate B group passed students from the Bombay Province, who will be selected as Scholars and awarded a Scholarship of Rs. 40 - P. M. besides other concessions of free-ship, etc. The course is of four years leading to B.Sc. (Vet) Degree of the Bombay University.

Those desirous of joining the college should reach here on or before 25th June, 1947, for personal interview with their certificates.

M. MOHEY DEEN,
M.R.C.V.S.,
Principal,
Bombay Veterinary College.

Parel, Bombay.
17th June, 1947.

(4053)

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, BOMBAY

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 50TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Empire House, Hornby Road, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 5th July, 1947, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To elect a Director in place of Mr. Ram Gopal Gupta, elected in a casual vacancy whose term expires under Article 112 and is eligible for re-election:
(2) To elect a Director in place of Seth Ram Ratan Gupta, who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election;
(3) To elect a Director in place of Mr. Gulab Chand Jain, B.A., LL.B., who retires by rotation and is eligible for re-election:
(4) To confirm the appointment of Messrs. S. B. Billimoria & Co., Registered Accountants, as Auditors of the Company for the year ending 31st December 1946 on a remuneration of Rs. 3,500/-
(5) To appoint Auditors for the year 1947 and to fix their remuneration;
(6) To transact with the permission of the Chairman such other business as may be transacted at an Ordinary General Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 28th June, 1947 to 12th July, 1947, both days inclusive.

NOTE:—The Audited Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1946 will be laid before the Members at an Extraordinary General Meeting to be convened for the purpose as early as possible.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
ROSHAN LAL,
General Manager.

Bombay, 18th June, 1947.

To the members of the Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., and in particular to:—
Mr. E. E. Allum.
Mr. N. E. Weerasooria.

4073

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invited tenders for Reconditioning of Scrap Brass Boring Quality No. 1. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Rs. 2 per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 9-7-1947 at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

4021

MEDICAL ADLETS

Chitrakot Asthma Cure—Widely renowned and a most Powerful highly effective remedy for curing Asthma by one dose to be taken on 3-7-47 full moon-day. Apply Manager, Ayurvedic Buti Prachar Ashram, P.O Chitrakot, U.P. 6223

For sale, running dispensary, in busy locality, in Bom. City. Apply Box No. 6262, "Bombay Chronicle."

Asthma-Buti—A very powerful and world renowned remedy which cures Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 3-7-47 full moon. Apply in English:—Shree Mahatma Maunibaba Ayurvedic Ashram, Chitrakot, Dist. Banda, U.P. 6216

A most powerful, highly effective and world renowned remedy for Asthma "Sati Ansuiya Hills Herb" cures Asthma radically by one single dose. Taken on 3-7-47 full moon. Correspondence in English with clear address. Manager, Sri Sati Ansuiya Ayurveda Ashram, Chitrakot, (Banda), U.P. (6257)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Excellent Ash and Horse Chest Nut Woods on moderate rates. Correspond The Timber Supply Co., Poonch (Kashmir) (6212)

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/-. Fluorescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities Apply Box No 3985, "Bombay Chronicle"

"Tissue Paper"—Available for immediate delivery, white Acidfree Tissue Paper, double coated. Price Rs. 7/4 per ream F.O.R. Bombay Payment 25 per cent with order Balance against R/R. Hindustan Traders, Jwala Bank Building, Chandni Chowk, Delhi. 6217

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagaon, Bombay No. 10, up to 1 p. m. (S.T.) on Thursday, the 3rd July 1947, for the supply of Cast Iron Freshwater Pipes 6" dia., C. I. Tees and Sluice Valves.

Tender form giving full particulars and conditions, which will not be sent per V.P.P., can be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Re. 1 - per copy.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores.
(4063)

MINERVA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF THIRTEENTH DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Dividend of Rs. 6 - per share and a bonus of Rs. 6 - per share of Rs. 100 - for the year ended 31st December, 1946, sanctioned by the Shareholders at the Twenty-seventh Ordinary General Meeting held on the 16th June 1947, is made payable at the Central Bank of India, Ltd., Bangalore City, on and after Thursday, the 26th June 1947, to shareholders whose names stood on the Register of Members on the 19th May, 1947 and who had paid all dues to the Company whether in respect of the calls on their shares, interest thereon or otherwise.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO. LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.

Registered Office:
Temple Bar Building,
70, Forbes Street,
Fort, Bombay.
15th June, 1947.

(4052)

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of cooked food twice a day, i.e. in the morning between 10 a. m. and 11 a. m. and in the evening between 7 .p. m. and 8 p. m., to undertrial prisoners in the undermentioned lock-ups. There should be a separate tender for each lock-up. The approximate number of undertrial prisoners who will have to be supplied with food daily is shown against each Police Station lock-up.

Name of Police Station having a lock-up.	No. of approximate daily prisoners.
1. Colaba	15
2. Esplanade	55
3. Palton Road	45
4. Pydhoni	39
5 Dongri	13
6. Princess Street	49
7. Lamington Road	28
8. Maharbouri	37
9. Gamdevi	17
10 Byculla	22
11. Nagpada	37
12. Agripada	27
13. Bhoiwada	20
14. Kalachowki	24
15 Kingsway	11
16. Sewree	4
17. DeLisle Road	16
18. Dadar	11
19. Mahim	15
20. Bandra	14
21. Santacruz	12
22. Andheri	8
23. Kurla	9
24. Ghatkopar	3
25. Yellowgate	25
26. C.I.D.	24

Each meal should consist of the following items and the charges should not exceed annas eight.

VEGETARIAN
Rice 2 plates
Chapatis 3
Dal,
Vegetable (bhaji)
Tea 1 cup.

Contractors whose tenders will be accepted will have to deposit a sum of Rs. 500/- each with the Commissioner of Police for fulfilment of their contracts to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Police.

All tenders should be addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Headquarters, Head Police Office, Bombay, and should be sent so as to reach him by the 3rd July, 1947.

(Sd.) V. G. KANETKAR,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Headquarters.
(4072)

NOTICE.

OWNERS of Goods Vehicles in the Bombay Region are hereby informed that passengers must not be carried in goods vehicles without special permission from the undersigned. This special permission is granted for "Relief Work" only in an emergency and adequate provision has already been made for "Relief Work" in Bombay City. If goods vehicles are detected carrying passengers the Permits issued to owners are liable to cancellation under Section 60 of the Motor Vehicles Act 1939

J. B. RABBITT,
Regional Transport Officer,
Bombay.

Regional Transport Office,
Gymnasium Road, Bombay,
17th June, 1947.

(4074)

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops) G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M on 23rd June 1947 for the supply of Coffee Seeds (Peaberry Round) at the Railway's Central Godown Shed No. 3 at Wadi Bandar, Bombay. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above mentioned.

3974

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay for clerical posts in the office of the Executive Officer, Regional Transport Authority, Bombay.

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS. Matriculation of the Bombay University or any other equivalent examination. Knowledge of typing will be considered an additional qualification.

Age not less than 18 years and not more than 25 years.

SCALE OF PAY:—Rs. 50-5 2-90. Starting pay for Matriculates Rs. 50 -. Pass Graduates, Rs. 60/- and Honours Graduates Rs. 70/- per month plus additional pay of Rs. 10/- per month and dearness allowance admissible

Applications in candidates' own hand-writing, stating age, caste and educational qualifications together with two certificates of character from any respectable persons should reach this office on or before the 25th June 1947.

(Sd.) J. B. RABBITT,
Regional Transport Officer,
Bombay.

Office of the
Regional Transport Officer,
Gymnasium Road off Cruickshank Road, Fort, Bombay.
Dated 17-6-47.

4060

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

IN PARTIAL MODIFICATION of the advertisement issued by the Public Service Commission, Bengal inviting applications for some posts under the Department of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal with 20th June, 1947 as the last date for the receipt of applications, it is hereby notified for general information that the post of Director of Transportation has been thrown open to candidates of all communities. Candidates of all communities are accordingly invited to apply. The closing date for the receipt of applications for this post only has been extended to 30th June, 1947. Applications already received will be considered together with those which may be filed in the course of the extended period.

P B RUDRA,
Secretary.

Alipore, the 11th June, 1947.

4050

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.
CITATION

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of SHANKER RAMJI GHARAT of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, prior to his death residing at 1st Kolbhat Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay:

..... Deceased.

PARWATIBAI, widow of Shanker Ramji Gharat of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at 1st Kolbhat Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay

..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 4th day of June in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty-seven and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

K. K. DASTOOR,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.

N. R. NARAYAN AYYAR
Sealer.

The 4th day of June, 1947.
Messrs. CHANDRASEN & CO.
Attorneys for the Petitioner.
(4062)

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that Mr. NATHOO RAISEY KURLAWALLA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim, interest or demand howsoever against in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, inheritance, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, trusts, easements, maintenance, share, possession, coparcenary right or otherwise howsoever, are hereby requested to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which, the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim interest or demand howsoever and the same, if any shall be deemed and treated as having been waived or abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground, situate, lying and being at Kurla in the Bombay Suburban District now in Greater Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, bearing Survey No. 38, Hissa No. 8 and admeasuring according to Government records 393 Square Yards but on actual measurement found to be 425 Square Yards and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Survey No 40 Hissa No. 2; on or towards the West by Survey No. 38, Hissa No. 2; on or towards the North by Survey No. 40 Hissa No 1, on or towards the South partly by Survey No 38, Hissa No. 7 and partly by Survey No. 38 Hissa No 6

Dated this 18th day of June 1947.

MOHILE & PAREKH,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4064

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WANTED SURVEYORS.

QUALIFICATIONS: D.C.E. of Poona or L.C.E. of V.J.T.I., Bombay, or higher qualifications with practical experience. Pay Rs. 70-250 p.m., plus usual allowances admissible under Government rules. Higher starting pay will be given to the deserving candidates.

Apply stating age, qualifications and experience, to:—

THE DIRECTOR OF PARKS AND GARDENS,
14, Queen's Barracks, Fort,
BOMBAY.
4067

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Office of the Regional Disposals Commissioner,
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate.
BOMBAY.

INVITES TENDERS for the purchase and removal of:

Stores.	Quantity:
White Water Rosin	4.733 lbs.
Graphite	1.740 lbs.
Cleaneseo	675 lbs.
Asbestine	480 lbs.
Antioxidente: Thermaflex	1.460 lbs.
Thermaflex	2.972 lbs.

A complete list of the stores together with permits for inspection ex site can be obtained from this office.

LOCATION:—Messrs. FIRESTONE FACTORY GODOWN, BOMBAY:

Superscribed Reference:—Tender No. RCS 54007/MS-13; last date due on 10-7-47, 4 p.m. Tender forms alongwith detailed lists of the stores can be obtained on payment of Rs. 5 per set (not refundable).

Offers should be sent on tender forms enclosed in double covers, the inner to be sealed and superscribed with the above reference number and should remain open for a month thereafter, i.e., 10-8-47.

Earnest Money (refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 10 per cent of the total offer should be deposited in the Reserve Bank of India/Imperial Bank of India or a Government Treasury under Head of Accounts 'Revenue Deposits' in favour of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Southern Circle, Bombay. Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury/Bank receipts will be ignored. CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given as to the quality, quantity or suitability of the above stores. Sale will be subject to the conditions of Contract Con. 117, obtainable from this Office.

4061

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DEOJI HIRAJI KOWLY has agreed to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest in to or upon the said property or on any part thereof, whether as coparceners or by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, exchange use, easement residence or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 13-19, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground being Final Plot No. 123 of Bandra Town Planning Scheme No. 3 (Khar Gavthan) admeasuring 600 square yards together with the building thereon assessed by the Bandra Municipality under House No. 39 District Khar Road.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1947.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIWAN,
Attorneys for the Purchaser.
(4066)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JAL JEHANGIRJI MASTER and Bai KHORSHED JAL MASTER have contracted to sell to our clients PHIROZE FRAMROZE TARAPOREWALA and Bai DINBAI PHIROZE TRAPOREWALA the undermentioned property:—

All persons having any claim of any kind whatsoever against the property are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at their Office at Alli Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land forming part of NAS 164 in the Village of Versowa with all the buildings and structures standing thereon in the South Salsette Taluka, in Greater Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 561 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by Andheri Versowa Road, on the South by a Tank and on the North and West by land bearing Survey No 48

Dated this 16th day of June, 1947.

GAGRAT & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys
4040

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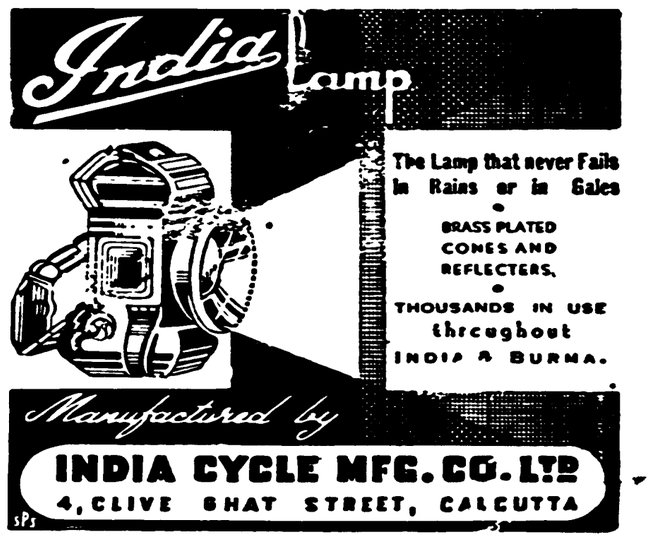
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